

endowments to make the total about \$20,000.

The school trustee electoral board decided that the building should be on the site which was until recently occupied. This board fixed the shape and size of the lot. It also ruled that contributions should amount to \$12,000 as a minimum for the building and that the lot should also be contributed.

Since that time it has developed that the promised endowment has not materialized. Inquiry into the matter also reveals ~~xxxz~~ the fact that a number of contributions were accepted with the secret understanding that the contributors would be excused from all tuition that might be levied in the future. It is pertinent to note here that the Purcellville advocates did not reserve tuition charges out of their donations as promised.

On April 1, 1926 the high school building at Lincoln was completely destroyed by fire. There were left standing a shop valued at \$1,000 and a cottage valued at \$3,800. The insurance on the building and contents amounting to \$20,000 was paid promptly.

On April 10, 1926 a special meeting of the county school board was held to consider the location for the new high school building to be erected. The board heard arguments and decided to rebuild on the old site. On April 26, 1926 an appeal from the decision of the county school board was filed with the division superintendent of schools. The appeal was by him referred to the school trustee electoral board on the same date. That board ruled that it had no jurisdiction because the division superintendent had not approved or dis-approved the site. The division superintendent, there-