



Special Report on School Construction and Enrollment Related Documents



26128 Talamore Drive, South Riding, Va. 20152. 703-867-2056, www.edwinwashingtonproject.org

Special Report on School Construction and Enrollment Related Documents

4/19/2017.

This is a specialized tabular study of schools in Loudoun County from the segregated era that draws from records we are reviewing for LCPS (Loudoun County Public Schools), as well as records in the Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, the Balch Library, the Prosperity Baptist Church, the Lincoln Historical Society, the Lovettsville Preservation Foundation, the Waterford Historical Society, the Purcellville Historical Society, the Library of Virginia and Virginia State University, as well as other private holdings such as the papers of Dr. Archie G. Richardson, who was a pioneer in improving education for African-Americans..

The table shows when schools were started or taken down, changed, etc. Also included are references to student academic records. The public is invited to comment, especially if you attended a segregated school. Please share with us any memories or photographs you might have, as well as any proposed corrections.

We reviewing thousands of records on all aspects of school life from the segregated era, and taking measures to preserve them for future generations. We are also a 501©(3) incorporated in the State of Virginia. If you would like to help, please write a check to the Edwin Washington Project, 26128 Talamore Drive, South Riding, Va. 20152.

Consider this document a draft, which is bring updated on a regular basis.

Editorial Note: We have drawn upon the Dorsey study of 1937 for some history on Leesburg schools; but the dates and sequence of events needs review.

Larry Roeder
703-867-2056, roeder@edwinwashingtonproject.org



Table of Contents

About the Special Report	4
Costs of the Study	4
How to Use the Special Report	5
Description of the Report Table	5
Comments on Sources	7
Cross References to the Catalog	7
School Numbers	9
Table of Schools	13
A	13
B	19
C	25
D	29
E	30
F	31
G	33
H	34
I	38
K	38
L	39
M	55
N	63



Special Report on School Construction and Enrollment Related Documents

O.....	65
P.....	67
R.....	71
S.....	75
T.....	80
U.....	81
W.....	83
Y.....	89
Bibliography.....	90

About the Special Report

The records in the LCPS archives which the Edwin Washington Project is examining contain thousands of sheets of paper on hundreds of topics, everything from civil rights to wagon routes, to curriculum, memoranda on toilets and water, essentially anything from 1846 onwards that deals with running a school system before integration happened in 1968. Although there are many gaps, Loudoun County is blessed that so many files have been preserved. In fact, preserving records is a tradition in Loudoun County going back to the advent of the Civil War.

The Edwin Washington Project plans to produce many reports based on our examination of the LCPS records and papers in other archives that directly relate to segregation. This is just one, documenting when schools were built and closed. It also provides references to many academic reports related to the schools, some of which are in private hands. All the records we have found are also mentioned in a catalog which was organized according to a scheme developed with advice from the Department of Library/Information Science, the Catholic University of America.

Other reports will include “Dirt Don’t Burn,” an analytical study of the impact of segregated education on African-Americans. We also plan special reports on health, transportation, the curriculum, management and other topics. Readers are recommended to use our website, www.edwinwashingtonproject.org, which by the end of 2017 will include an interactive map showing the evolution of white and “colored” schools and their transportation routes. By 2018, we also plan to include a detailed on-line database showing who studied in which school and who instructed them.

Costs of the Study

The Edwin Washington Project is the first organized effort to fully document the impact of segregated education on African-Americans in Loudoun County. The cost of preserving and studying the records is covered by private contributions. Please contribute to the Edwin Washington Project, a non-profit, 501(c)(3), registered with the State of Virginia and the IRS. If you would like to contribute a donation of any size, just send a check to the Edwin Washington Project, 26128 Talamore Drive, South Riding, VA 20152.

How to Use the Special Report

To understand the evolution of education in Loudoun, it's important to know when schools started and ended. This is our first attempt, so as more data emerges, the report will be regularly amended. It's also important to know who attended the schools, what was instructed, who did the instruction and under what conditions, which we plan to do in future reports.

Sources of information come in a variety of formats. Books and newspaper articles are referenced with standard bibliographic citations. For all other sources, we use footnotes that point to a place in the catalog showing where the physical document is found, which are special archival boxes in the Edwin Washington Archives, or in the archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, the special collections of the Balch Library in Leesburg, the archives of the Prosperity Baptist Church in Conklin, Loudoun County, the Library of Virginia or various academic libraries in other states, as well as preservation foundations in Loudoun County. By the end of 2018, our plan is to also post on our website all of the documents in the Edwin Washington Archives, though any sensitive information controlled by state law will be redacted.

Description of the Report Table

- **Column one** is an alphabetical listing of schools. Right away, the reader will notice a lot of repetition. That because if a school burned down or was closed for some other reason, a replacement with the same name might be erected.
- **Column two** shows the race associated with the school.
- **Column three and four** show when a school was open or closed, in some cases, when the land was purchased or sold. Finding precise dates hasn't always been easy, so we look forward to any recommended corrections. It is not a comprehensive list of all school ever built before integration; though is intended to cover all operated between 1865 and integration. That said, we know records of a great many are simply missing. We have not concerned ourselves with post-segregation dates, so it's possible that schools closed after integration transpired.
- **Column five** shows the construction material, e.g. wood frame, metal roof, and often also shows other physical features. We recommend going to the cited sources for more information.
- **Column six** shows if we have a photograph of the school and its physical location.
- **Column seven** shows the school district in which the school operated. Keep in mind that district names changed over time between 1846 when they were numbered to 1968. The on-line mapping product we are developing will show all those changes over time.

- **Column eight** shows a range of academic and attendance reports in the archives, many of which are available on a limited basis to the public upon writing a letter requesting access. Limited access is required because some information in the reports is sensitive, such as academic achievement. However, all the names will be in the on-line database, so one can trace where children studied and what they studied. There are also many other records in the archives related to the various schools. For those, see the catalog. African-American schools were also identified by number, e.g school 74 Willisville. Those numbers are in Column eight and derive from file 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records: 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia
- **The information in column eight covers the following types of reports.**
 - **Annual Library Report for High And Elementary Schools** are invaluable for knowing what equipment was provided and information on shelving, numbers of volumes, how the library was financed, whether the school had a librarian and if improvements were needed.
 - **Final Annual High School Reports provided** statistics on attendance and enrollment, costs such as teacher salaries.
 - **Individual Record Cards.** These provided academic scores for students across up to five years. It can be a good way to understand the curriculum. Also included is information on annual physical inspections, immunizations and whether or not a child had childhood diseases like measles or had suffered whooping cough. The name of a parent is provided and numbers of siblings by sex and attitude in school.
 - **Preliminary Annual High School Reports** were for white schools until 1941 when Douglass was created. These showed the names of principals and instructors, as well as their academic credentials. Physical and attendance is also shown. The program of studies (curriculum) was provided, in many cases, citing the textbooks. They are sometimes accompanied by the “Daily Schedule of High School Recitations,” which showed what was taught at specific times of the day.
 - **Principal’s or Head Teacher’s Enrollment Reports** show the names of children at a particular school, their ages and academic grades and the name of one of their parents and home town.
 - **Term Reports** vary in their information, depending on the year. They generally show names of students in a term at a particular school, the topics they studied and their academic standing. Gross statistical information on attendance is provided as well as statistics on academic achievement of the entire class. Depending on the year, physical characteristics of the school house and whether textbooks were available at the contract price, numbers of hours devoted to elementary and high school branches and whether or not a U.S. flag was on the building.¹

¹ For a discussion on the law related to flying an American Flag, see 9.1.A Table of School Construction and Closing.

- **Other reports**, as we come to find them, such as a Teacher Registers. Teacher's Registers for Virginia Public Schools are particularly valuable because they provide a daily report on activities by a student in a particular class, sometimes much other information as well.

Comments on Sources

In addition to original documents in the Edwin Washington Archives, the material in this special report benefited from consultations with the staff of the Balch Library, especially Mary Fishback, and the Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County as well as the Archives of the Circuit Court of Fairfax County. Historians Wynne Saffer and Eugene M. Scheel also deserve special mention. Mr. Saffer does a lot of research examining deeds, which proved critical to our understanding of school properties. In addition, Mr. Scheel, a cartographer and historian developed a series of books known as Loudoun Discovered, (Scheel, Loudoun Discovered (Volumes 1-5) 2002) from which we derived much information. This series is available in the Loudoun County libraries and is a must read for anyone wanting to know about county history. It's worth noting that Mr. Scheel began his research in 1975 when he published a series of articles in the Loudoun Times Mirror. We also interview students and former instructors from the segregated era, such as Louis Jett, who studied at Carver. Louis has been studying "black history" for decades and lives in a former school house. Also noteworthy is the Records Office of the Loudoun County Public Schools, which originally commissioned the study, and of course the Black History Committee of the Friends of the Balch Library. We also wish to recognize the research of Kevin Grigsby on Willisville, the Lincoln Historical Foundation, the Purcellville Historical Society and the Library of Virginia, Oatlands Plantation, the archives of Foxcroft and Roger Vance, Mayor of Hillsboro.

Cross References to the Catalog:

In addition to any footnoted references, we recommend that the reader examine the following chapters in the catalog and *Dirt Don't Burn*.

- 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969
- 6.3.2 Virginia Teacher's Term Reports.
- 9.1 School Construction
- 13 File Cluster to Specific Schools



Special Report on School Construction and Enrollment Related Documents

School Numbers:

“Colored Schools” were sometimes given letters and sometimes were numbered. The following chart shows their numbers in 1938/39. See Edwin Washington catalog Folder 1.7 Misc Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia. Note: The number 39 is used twice.

The number of “colored schools” which existed varied from time to time, including those that were insured. For example, three in 1895, twenty one in 1918, twenty seven in 1924, seventeen in 1935 and nine in 1958.

Number	Name	Name	Number
04	Lovettsville	Ashburn ²	40
10	Hillsboro	Bull Run	52
12	Lucketts	Conklin	58
15	Waterford	Floris (Fairfax)	56
19	Round Hill	Hamilton	22
21	Purcellville	Hillsboro	10
22	Hamilton	Hughesville	31
25	Loudoun County Training Center	Lincoln	28 (also B ³)
28	Lincoln	Loudoun County Training Center	25
30	Powell's Grove	Lovettsville	04 Also A ⁴
31	Hughesville	Lucketts	12
34	Rock Hill	Marble Quarry	46
39	Mountain Gap	Middleburg	50
39	Watson	Mountain Gap	39
40	Ashburn	Oak Grove (Fairfax)	48
43	Willisville	Powell's Grove	30
44	St. Louis	Purcellville	21
46	Marble Quarry	Rock Hill	34
48	Oak Grove (Fairfax)	Round Hill	19 Also C ⁵
50	Middleburg	St. Louis	44
52	Bull Run	Waterford	15
56	Floris (Fairfax)	Watson	39
58	Conklin	Willisville	43

² See also Cedar Lane and Farmwell "colored" schools

³ See also photo collection of Lincoln Preservation Foundation. <http://www.lincolnpreservation.org/?lightbox=image1aha>. The photo contains an American Flag with the initials LCS on it, likely Lincoln Colored School.

⁴ In 1898, Lovettsville Colored was known as school A. Source. 6.1 Register for Lovettsville School A, 1898. Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180.

⁵ In 1898, Round Hill Colored in Jefferson District was known as School C. Source. 6.1 Register for Round Hill Colored, School C, 1898. Location Ed Washington Archives.

Number of Schools by Race

Year	Lees burg W	Lees burg C	Lees city	Lees city	Mt. Gilead w	Mt. Gilead c	Mercer W	Mercer C	Jeff W	Jeff C	Lovetts W	Lovetts C	Broad Run W	Broad Run C
		w												
1888	13	5			17	7	17	7	11	5	13	2	15	5
1889	15	5			17	7	17	7	12	5	13	2	16	6
1890	14	6			15	7	17	6	12	6	13	2	14	4
1891	15	6			15	6	17	7	13	4	13	2	17	4
1892	15	6			14	6	16	7	14	4	13	2	17	4
1893	14	5			14	6	15	7	13	5	13	2	16	3
Break														
1907	8	3	1	1	11	5	11	6	10	4	11	1	16	4
1908	9	2	6	3	16	5	14	6	16	4	12	1	17	3
1909														
1910	8	2	7	3	17	5	15	6	13	4	13	1	16	3



Special Report on School Construction and Enrollment Related Documents

1911	7	3	7	3	20	5	17	6	17	4	14	1	15	3
1912	7	3	8	3	20	6	17	6	16	4	14	1	16	3

Table of Schools

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
A							
Airmont	c	By 1899/1900	Unknown			Mt. Gilead	⁶
Airmont	w	Land purchased June 14, 1909 ⁷	1933	1 room Frame		Mt. Gilead ⁸	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-29/30 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24 1924/25-1928/29 ⁹ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ¹⁰
Aldie	c	Before 1892		6 room Frame		Mercer	
Aldie #10 (Aldie Old School)	w	1915 ¹¹		7 rooms on 5 acres. Two story, with basement and metal roof, frame. Heated, with water and	yes ¹³	Mercer	Final and Preliminary Annual High School Reports. (1929/29 to 53/54) ¹⁴ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/69 Term Reports (paper)

⁶ We are aware of a “colored teacher” stationed here in 1899 named Miss L.M. Thomas. See 4.5 *Teachers Contracted With 1899-1929*.

⁷ See 8.5 Term Length of White Schools in 1923. See also Daysville, et. al in 1933 in Archives of the Circuit Court, Loudoun County, Misc Records, Box 2, School Folder 1930-1939.

⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁰ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

¹¹ See “Statement of Particulars” in Annual Report of the Division Superintendent of Schools for Loudoun County for School Year closing June 30, 1915.

¹³ See 11.2, “Insurance Analysis,” a blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, dated October, 1940. Note: Some photos in the collection are older than 1940.

¹⁴ See school files in Box13. Files are organized alphabetically by school name and then by type of report.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				electricity. 37'x52' ¹² .			1920/21-1923/24 1924/25-1963/64-68/69 ¹⁵ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ¹⁶
Aldie Elementary (Aldie New School)	w	1928 ¹⁷	Still in 1938/39 ¹⁸	1947 One story, approved roof, brick Bldg.. ¹⁹ .	yes ²⁰	Mercer	Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1965/66 ²¹ Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56 Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ²²
Aldie Shop			Existed between 1940 and 1947, perhaps longer. ²³	1 story metal rood, frame. Electrified. ²⁴	yes ²⁵	Mercer	

¹² See Valuation Schedule for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1953).

¹⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁶ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

¹⁷ See 9.2.3 Aldie, 1928 for construction information. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57). See also a history of the precursor school, Stove Pipe Academy and Aldie in pp 20-21 in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol 3 by Eugene Scheel. Stove Pipe was replaced by frame, eight room Aldie HS and Elementary in 1915. In 1926, Aldie's present six room school rose and in 1938 a frame, agricultural annex was added. See also page 75 in 2.10 (on-line) Minutes of Board of Supervisor Meeting of Feb 27, 1928. See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940, which indicated construction date of 1926, 76'x104' and 30 feet west of the old Aldie School, 43 feet east of the frame Aldie Shop.

¹⁸ See 6.3.2 for the relevant year. In August, 1939, land was expanded. See 9.2.3 Aldie (w) for deed of Aug 1, 1939 between County School Board and Henry and Isabel Goode.

¹⁹ See Valuation Schedule for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953).

²⁰ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²¹ See Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically).

²² See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent Oscar Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

²³ See 9.2.3 Aldie (w), which shows statement of account of January 9, 1940 for Aldie Shop.

²⁴ See report for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953). See also 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. 31.5' x 47.5'.

²⁵ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Alder	w	14 April, 1873 ²⁶	Unknown			Jefferson	
Aldie HS	w	1914 ²⁷	1954 closed, then demolished in 1964 ²⁸			Mercer ²⁹	Final Annual HS Report 1920/21 -- 1927/28 Preliminary Annual HS Report 1919-1928³⁰.
Antioch Church	c ³¹	During reconstruction					
Arcola	c		July 22, 1939 ³²			Broad Run	
Arcola	w	1880 ³³	1908 (to become a post office)	1 room		Broad Run	

²⁶ See Jefferson District Purchase in archives of the Circuit Court, Loudoun County, Misc Records, Box 1, School Folder 1860-1899.

²⁷ According to a study done in 1940, the building was built in 1915; but a memo from Superintendent O.L. Emerick, dated 2/2/1949, indicates that the Aldie High School was a two-story frame building constructed in 1916 containing both elementary and high school training from grades 1 through 11, to be expanded to grades 12. In 1949, the intent was to construct a new brick building. The school board had decided to build two new high schools, neither of which was at Aldie; meanwhile conditions in 1949 were considered intolerable at Aldie. (Emerick letter of August 29, 1949).

²⁸ In July, 1955, the land was expanded, we believe to accommodate elementary school children. See extract of minutes of County School Board meeting in 9.2.3 Aldie H.S. In 1954, the HS department closed and children were bused to Loudoun County High School in Leesburg.

²⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁰ See 13.2, "Reports High School 1918-1928. Remarks for 1923/24 showed that "Sufficient book are to be orders at once to allow HS pupils to read as parallel 26 book selected from the list in the State HS Course of Study." Interesting, given budget constraints. Were African-American schools given similar budget for elementary schools in in 1923/24?

³¹ Classes were supported by Freedmen's Bureau. See pg. 90, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. Three.

³² Because the white school had an addition in 1950/51, we have surmised that this Arcola was the colored school. That requires more documentation. See 9.1 Deeds July 22, 1939.

³³ See pg. 11, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. One.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Arcola	w	1909 ³⁴	1939	1 room Frame, with 2 acres of land.		Broad Run ³⁵	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/69 Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1965/66 ³⁶ Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1963/64-1968/69 ³⁷ Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56 Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁸
Arcola	w	Sept 6, 1939 (Church, et al. 2014) and addition of 1950/51. ³⁹	1975	4 Room, Brick. One story, metal rood. 98'x56.5'. Small basement,	Yes ⁴¹	Broad Run	

³⁴ 1910 is proposed by "Statement of Particulars" in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools for the Year ending June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). See also "Arcola One Room School" in Arcola Elementary School, Reunion 2014, which proposed 1919 in one essay because there was a placard above the porch which read 'Arcola School, 1919,' and 1909 in another. Apparently, the water well still exists.

³⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁶ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

³⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

³⁸ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁹ There were three Arcola schools, the original one, which appears to have been a one room building constructed in 1880. It closed in 1908, to become a post office and then a store. That structure was torn down in the 1970's. The second Arcola was built in 1909/1910 and continued until 1939, when torn down. The third Arcola (a brick structure) was dedicated on September 6, 1939. The third drew upon students from second Arcola, McGraw's Ridge, Pleasant Valley and Carter, then was closed I 1975. See also Arcola Addition discussion in 1950-1951 which suggested 1909.covered in 9.2.3 Arcola. This included a stage and an interesting envelope contains samples to be used for a stage curtain. The 2014 Reunion of Arcola indicated that the 1951 addition was to the third Arcola school. More additions were made in 1953. In 1953, Arcola was still found to be very overcrowded. See "Visit Shows Arcola School is Crowded, needs More Room," in 17 (News clippings for Nov 19, 1953). Also at the same time, burglars struck several schools along the Loudoun-Fairfax line, and stole food from Arcola. For an excellent history of the Arcola schools, I recommend pp 10-11 in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. One.

⁴¹ See 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. See also two photos of front of building with class of 1966 students in 16.2 Photo Box.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				water and electricity ⁴⁰			
Arlington (a)	w	1875 ⁴²	1936/37 ⁴³	1 Room Stone, then another room added in 1917.		Lovettsville ⁴⁴	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/69 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24-1924/25-1936/37 ⁴⁵
Ashburn	w	1880's	1921 ⁴⁶	2 room		Broad Run ⁴⁷	
Ashburn	c	1892 ⁴⁸	1962	1 room frame with metal roof. 20.5x32.5. Heated with stove. ⁴⁹	Yes ⁵⁰	Broad Run ⁵¹	School 40 ⁵² Term Reports (paper) 1924/25 to 1957/58 Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-57/5 Enrollment Report. 1957/58 ⁵³

⁴⁰ See 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953) for November 15, 1947. See also 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁴² See pp 152 and 155, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Volume Five.

⁴³ Last academic records we have are from 1936/37. By 1937/38 according to 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments." That showed 34 grade school kids in the 1936/37 academic year. See also A report by Mildred Weadon showed her delivering hot lunches to this school January 1, April 13, 1934. See 5.5 Home Economics 1934-45. Arlington was expanded in 1915. 2 rooms on 1 acre of land. See "Statement of Particulars" in 1915 Report.

⁴⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

⁴⁶ Was torn down in late 1940's. See pg. 57, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. One, by Eugene Scheel, 2002..

⁴⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁸ See pg. 57, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. One.

⁴⁹ Personal inspection by Larry Roeder in 2016 and 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955) and 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁰ See 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940, as well as photos by Loudoun County School for the Gifted in 2016, as well as photos by Larry Roeder in 2016.

⁵¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵² School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁵³ We know this is the colored school because Lola Jackson was the instructor. See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955 Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵⁴
Ashburn HS	w	1911 ⁵⁵	⁵⁶ Burned on Valentine's Day, 1944. For background on the fire, see (Scheel, High Schools Once Flourished	4 Room (see foot notes) Wooden	Yes ⁵⁷	Broad Run	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/69 Annual HS Report undated and 1918/1919-1924 and Preliminary HS reports, 1924/25-1928 ⁵⁸ Final Annual HS Report: 1920/21, 1921/22, 1922/23, 1923/24, 1924/25, 1925/26, 1926/27, 1927/28 Term Reports (paper)

⁵⁴ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁵⁵ See "Computation of Present Value of Ashburn School Building, March 13, 1944" in 9.2.3 1929-1944 Ashburn. See also Table 6 in Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing June 30 1911 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). That suggested 7 rooms on 7 acres at a cost of 8000, half of which was borrowed by the Literary Fund and \$2000 donated. The "Statement of Particulars" portion of the 1912 report indicated 4 rooms on 4 acres built in 1912. See also 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940, which indicated construction date of 1915. One and two room detached frame with eight class rooms, a laboratory, a library and an auditorium. Had electricity and a low-pressure steam plant. 53' x 79' with a small attachment of 44'x50'.

⁵⁶ We have the 1939 Principal's or Head Teacher's Report in 6.3.2. According to the 1940 "A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation," in 9.2, this would be closed by 1940/41. See also "Memorandum for William T. Smith, Chairman Special Meeting on March 29, 1944" in 9.2.3 Arcola 1929-44 which indicated that Ashburn School was destroyed by fire on Feb 14, 1944. On Feb 28, 1940, the School Board decided to close Ashburn Hill High School Department and transport pupils to Leesburg. On March 29, 1944, the School Board decided to build a new high and elementary school at Ashburn. See "Authorization to begin construction, No. 128, 285" in 9.2.3 Arcola 1929-44, which indicated that after the school burned, only two churches were available, with three teachers in one room and two teachers in another. One church would not be available by September, 1944. FYI: **This history needs to be reviewed.** See Ashburn in Archives of the Circuit Court, Loudoun County, Misc Records, Box 1, folder 1920-20 and Bond Book #5, pg. 99. An Ashburn School property was sold 15 December, 1922 to Metzger Family. Finalized, 12 October, 1923.

⁵⁷ 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁸ See school files in Box 13. Files are organized alphabetically by school name and then by type of report. It appears that the HS may have used a book by Charles M. Andrews, President of the American Historical Association, 1925. See [https://www.historians.org/about-aha-and-membership/aha-history-and-archives/presidential-addresses/charles-m-andrews-\(1925\)](https://www.historians.org/about-aha-and-membership/aha-history-and-archives/presidential-addresses/charles-m-andrews-(1925))

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			Across Area 2003)				1920/21- 1923/24 – 1924/25-63/64-68/69 ⁵⁹ Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56
Ashburn Addition ⁶⁰	w	1936	Existed to at least 1955	One story composition roof, brick Bldg.. ⁶¹		Broad Run	Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1964/65 ⁶²
Atoka (see Lakeland)	w						
Axline	w	Unknown but standing in 1846 ⁶³	1875	Log			Replaced by Brooklyn
B							
Banneker Elementary	c	1948 ⁶⁴	Still Open. Only former segregated elementary school that continues to work	One story composition roof, brick Bldg... ⁶⁵		Mercer	Term Reports (paper) 1947/48 to 1968/69. Term Reports (digital) 1947/48-62/63 and 63/63-68/69 Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1965/66. ⁶⁶

⁵⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

⁶⁰ **If Ashburn Addition isn't a new school; but just an additional room, records should be combined with Ashburn,**

⁶¹ See Valuation Schedule for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953).

⁶² See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1965/66" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁶³ See Eugene Scheel's Loudoun Discovered, Vol. Five, pg. 129.

⁶⁴ See 9.2 St. Louis/Banneker Folder. Shows history of purchase of Cleveland Acreage (19 and a half acres) which eventually became Banneker. See also *Board to Buy Site*, pg. 2, col 6 in Frederick Post, Feb 3, 1945. School Board on Feb 2nd authorized new building for colored children of St. Louis and Middleburg and requested PTA to appoint committee to select site.

⁶⁵ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955)

⁶⁶ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			as a school to this day				Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56
Bears (1)	w	Before 1874	About 1874			Broad Run	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) 1924/25 ⁶⁷
Bears (2) Also known as Bear's Den. ⁶⁸	w	1874 ⁶⁹	Torn down 1934			Broad Run	
Belmont	w		1914 ⁷⁰ (Williams 1938)				
Bethel	w	Land purchased 22 Nov, 1885	Sold 1919 ⁷¹			Leesburg	

⁶⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

⁶⁸ Nick name given the school by students.

⁶⁹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol. One, pg. 103. Land was donated by A. Joseph Bear and his wife. An older Bears school stood nearby. According to one former resident of the area, school was also known by the students as Bear's Den. Scheel thought the building closed in 1910; but we know that Maggie Franklin instructed at Bears in 1917 (see 4.4 Superintendent's Record of Teacher's Certificates – 1914-1945), so perhaps like other schools with population problems like Conklin, it had periodic periods of closings and openings. That year transportation to the school was by horse-drawn wagon (see 12). The school was closed at some point and then reopened in 1924 (see 2.5B White Petitions). According to that petition of parents of 19 children was the school reopened and at the bottom of the petition, was a notion "decided to open" and continued as a building (though likely closed for some time as a school) as late as 1933/34 when the CWA tore it down. (see 9.4.1, Memo of December 28, 1933).

⁷⁰ See *Loudoun Discovered, Vol One, pg. 35*. Miss Margaret Mercer ran a school for young women at Belmont until she died in 1846 (Legends of Loudoun, pg. 171).

⁷¹ Sold 1919. Not used since 1911, at least since Lucketts was built. Windows were broken out and the porch was rotting. Land had been purchased from Fry family 22 Nov, 1885. See Liber 6 X'S, Folio 354 in Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County. See also Bethel in Original deeds in 9.1

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Blakeley Grove (A)	w	1888	Sold Nov 19, 1936 ⁷²	1 room Frame. Did not have an American Flag between 1924-1930 ⁷³ .	yes ⁷⁴	Mercer ⁷⁵	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1935/36 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1935/36 ⁷⁶
Bloomfield	c	Before 1895					
Bluemont	c	Before 1895 ⁷⁷	1933 ⁷⁸	1 room Frame, heated with wood.		Mt. Gilead ⁷⁹	Term Reports (paper) 1920-21 to 1931-32. Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1931/32
Bluemont	w	Before 1917 ⁸⁰				Mt. Gilead ⁸¹	Term Report (digital) 1920/21. 1921/22 (also in paper)

⁷² See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.” See also Leithton in Folder 1936 in *Schools 1930-1939*, Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2,

⁷³ See Blakley Grove in 6.3.1. Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁷⁴ In 16.2 Photo Box is a picture of Louise Downs, who was a student at Blakely Grove and won 1st prize for spelling at the school fair in 1929. She is picked with two other winners.

⁷⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁷⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

⁷⁷ We recommend more research on Bluemont. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , pg. 32. Not insured. Usually, records distinctly indicate that school is colored. Records in Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County indicate that the white Bluemont was purchased Oct 5, 1922. The 1914 Annual Report also speaks of Bluemont, but without a racial appellation, which usually means it is a white school. According to the “notable events of the year” portion of the 1914 report, Bluemont was expanded at the cost of \$1,000.

⁷⁸ According to Eric Lawson at the Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives on 12/17/2016, The Colored school was at Butcher’s Hallow and closed in 1933. The address was 33691 Snickersville Turn Pike.

⁷⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁸⁰ . For 1917, See “Elementary Schools having more than two teachers” in 3.3 Annual Report of School Superintendent for June 30, 1917. For 1919, Sanitary Report on Sanitary Condition of Schools, Loudoun county, dated February 28, 1919 in 2.10 (Pdf 005. Minute Book for 1916-1925).

⁸¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Bluemont	w	Purchased Oct 5, 1922 ⁸²	Still in 1938-1955 ⁸³	3 room Frame. 2 story, metal roof ⁸⁴	Yes ⁸⁵	Mt. Gilead ⁸⁶	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-23/24 Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1961/62 ⁸⁷ Term Report (paper) 1920/21 – 1923/24, 1924/25-1961/62 ⁸⁸ Principal’s or Head Teacher’s Enrollment Report 1955-56 Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁸⁹
Bolington	w	Before 1899 ⁹⁰					
Boxwood	c	During Reconstruction ⁹¹					
Brambleton			1912 ⁹²				

⁸² See also previous Bluemont discussion. There were at least two white Bluemonts. One came about as a result of a 1922 land purchase. For 1922, see Bluemont in the 1920-29 Folder in School Box 2, Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County. See also Woodburn Citation. See also history of structure and long physical description in 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁸³ See 6.3.2. White Schools for 1938/39 and Valuation Schedule for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953). For a history of Bluemont village, see <http://www.bluemontva.org/>. See also Snickersville Academy citation.

⁸⁴ See 6.3.2. White Schools for 1938/39 and Valuation Schedule for Nov 15, 1947 in 11.3 Valuation Scheduled (1947-1953).

⁸⁵ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁸⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁸⁷ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁸⁸ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

⁸⁹ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁹⁰ See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1899 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 School Census 1905, 1920, 1925). Also showed in 1901

⁹¹ Run by Elias “Yankee” Smith in Boxwood, South of Middleburg. See pg. 90, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol. Three.

⁹² See *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol One, pg. 114. At Royville, 2/3 of a mile from the store.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Brittain ⁹³	c	About 1889	1915	Frame, One room with coal stove, window ventilation and bucket and tin.		Lovettsville	⁹⁴ School B Virginia School Registers for 1891/92-1897/98 ⁹⁵
Broad Run	w	By 1897 ⁹⁶		1 room wood ⁹⁷		Broad Run ⁹⁸	School No 3 Virginia School Register 1897-1899 ⁹⁹ 1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24 ¹⁰⁰
Broad Run HS	W, then M	1969 ¹⁰¹				Broad Run	Term Reports (digital) 1968/69 Term Reports (paper) 1968/69
Brooklyn (A) Graded	w	1876, spring ¹⁰²	By 1937/38 ¹⁰³	1 room Stone and wood ¹⁰⁴		Lovettsville ¹⁰⁵	School 5

⁹³ 1892 spelling was Briton and Brittain. Source: 6.1, 1892/93-1897/98 Virginia School Register, held in archives of Lovettsville Historical Society. Edwin Washington also hold a scanned version.

⁹⁴ Source: 6.1, 1892/93-1897/98 Virginia School Register, held in archives of Lovettsville Historical Society. Edwin Washington also hold a scanned version.

⁹⁵ archives of Lovettsville Historical Society

⁹⁶ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 44. Insurance was cancelled May 19, 1930. Was it sold?

⁹⁷ In 1898, 20'x30'. Coal stove. No Ventilation. Bucket, broom, chairs, stove, two charts, globe, etc.

⁹⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁹⁹ archives of Lovettsville Historical Society

¹⁰⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁰¹ 21670 Ashburn Rd, Ashburn, VA 20147

¹⁰² See Loudoun Discovered, Vol. Five, pg. 133.

¹⁰³ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments."

¹⁰⁴ In 1899, was shown as one room stone, owned by the District. 22'x28'. Six windows. Operated on ¾ acres. Held 21 desks, two long benches, teacher's desk, two brooms, one chair, one language chart, two tin cups, bucket, two pokers, one scutter, one shove and one axe.

¹⁰⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
		(See also Axline)					Virginia School Registers for 1892 to 1897/1899 in two volumes ¹⁰⁶ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-36/37 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24. 1924/25- 1936/37 ¹⁰⁷
Brownsville	c	March 1, 1887 ¹⁰⁸	Sold Aug 17, 1929 ¹⁰⁹	1 room frame ¹¹⁰		Jefferson ¹¹¹	Term Reports (paper) 1920/21 to 1921/22. Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-21/22
Bull Run	c	1891 ¹¹²	1898 ¹¹³	1 room frame	Yes ¹¹⁴	Mercer	
Bull Run	c	1909 ¹¹⁵	1948 ¹¹⁶ but still insured in 1955.	One story, metal roof, frame.	Yes ¹¹⁸	Mercer ¹¹⁹	School Number 52 ¹²⁰

¹⁰⁶ archives of Lovettsville Historical Society.

¹⁰⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁰⁸ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 17.

¹⁰⁹ See Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, Liber 6 Z's, Folio 154. Sale is mentioned as well in Minutes of School Board Meeting of September 6, 1927. Sold because school was closed and children "were served well already by other schools". Some went to the old Hamilton Odd Fellow's Hall. See pg. 18, Loudoun Discovered, Vol Four

¹¹⁰ In 1921/22, the blackboards were wood/slate, needing paint on the wood. The size of the lot was ½ acre and there was no flag on the school house. The fence was on three sides. In 1920/21 and 1921/22, the school also educated students from students from Mt. Gilead District, six in 1920/21 and eight in 1921/22. See 13, Brownsville Term Reports (1920-1922).

¹¹¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹¹² Named for the Mountain. NE corner of the old lane leading from New Mountain Road to Bowmantown and the Carolina Road. Initially referred to as School E, then Bull Run. See pp 122-123 in *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol Three.

¹¹³ Children then were taught in an abandoned log church.

¹¹⁴ See 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

¹¹⁵ See "Budget for 1930-31" in 8.1 Financial 1928-29 – 1938-39. Superintendent O.L. Emerick complained that the school board did not expand Bull Run which had 65 children. School was in a new location, the west side of New Mountain Road. Though originally white, the traditional color, it was painted Red after it closed.

¹¹⁶ **Editorial Note:** We need to study the dates. Children were then bused to Leesburg. For a history of the Bull Run schools, we recommend pg. 122-123 in *Loudoun Discovered*, Volume 3 by Eugene Scheel, 2002.

¹¹⁸ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

¹¹⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹²⁰ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			Appears to have been used as late as 1955/56.	22.5' x34.5'. Heated by stove. No electricity or water. Had small attached structure, ¹¹⁷			Term Reports (paper) 1924-25 to 1957/58 Term Reports (digital) 1920/2-57/58 Enrollment Report. 1956/57 ¹²¹ 1957/58 ¹²² Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56
C							
Cannon Chapel	w	Before 1876 ¹²³	Probably 1931/32.	1 room Frame		Leesburg ¹²⁴	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-31/32 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924-1925, 1931/32. ¹²⁵
Carter (also known as Carters)	w	1924 ¹²⁶ Before 1921	Abt 1938 ¹²⁷	1 room Frame		Broad Run ¹²⁸	Term Reports (digital) 1921-38/39 Term Reports (paper) 1921- 1923/24

¹¹⁷ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955) and 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

¹²¹ For those studying the Bushrod Family, see this.

¹²² See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

¹²³ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923. Constructed as Saunders School in 1876 and known by that name until 1898 when it became known as Cannon Chapel. It had also been used as a chapel by Presbyterians, which is where the new name came in. See also pp. 44-45 in *Loudoun Discovered*, Volume Two.

¹²⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923.

¹²⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹²⁶ See 9.2, Survey of Carter's School Lot done August 18, 1924. According to "Carter School" in *Arcola Elementary School: Reunion 20145*, , the school was actually constructed prior to 1920.

¹²⁷ We have the 1938/39 Virginia Teachers Term Report in 6.3.2. *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol 1, pg. 103, indicated about 1936.

¹²⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Carver	c	1948	1968	1 story, composition roof, brick ¹²⁹	Yes ¹³⁰	Mt. Gilead	<p>Final Annual H.S. Report 1949 and 1950. Carver was an elementary school but grades 5-7 were organized as part of the High School.</p> <p>Term Reports (paper) 1947/48 - 1967/68</p> <p>Term Reports (digital) 1947/48-67/68</p> <p>Class Record Books. (paper) These covered 1963/64 to 1967/68</p> <p>Fund Ledger (paper). Probably 1955</p> <p>Carver School Lunch Fund. Check book covering 1965-66.</p> <p>Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1965/66¹³¹</p> <p>Carver School Teacher Registers “Modern Class Records”: Box 13 contains 19 black 11” x 9” spiral binders for 1965 and 1966.¹³²</p> <p>Carver Class Records and other: 1992-2002: Box 13 Covers Carver and other schools. Shows who attended and their age, grade and address.</p> <p>Principal’s or Head Teacher’s Enrollment Report 1955-56</p>
Catoctin	w						<p>Term Reports (digital) 1968/69</p> <p>Term Reports (paper) 1968/69¹³³</p>

¹²⁹ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955)

¹³⁰ See Photo box in Edwin Washington Archives. See also pg. 19 *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

¹³¹ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

¹³² See Carver in 13.

¹³³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Cedar Lane							See also Farmwell and Ashburn Colored. <u>Registers for Broad Run District, Colored School # A 1886-1894</u> , which was sometimes called Cedar Lane in the years 1888-1892. Beginning in 1893, the school was also called Farmwell Colored School. It always retained the # A designation, however ¹³⁴ .
Cherry Grove	w		Abt 1911 ¹³⁵				
Clarks Gap (A) (School # 7)	w	1886 (or before) ¹³⁶	By 1936 ¹³⁷	1 room wood. Square in shape. ¹³⁸		Leesburg ¹³⁹	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-34/35 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24 – 1924/25-1934/35 ¹⁴⁰
Coleman (a) Also known as Coleman's	w	1890 ¹⁴¹	By 1936 ¹⁴²	1 room frame in poor state of repair in 1921-23/24		Broad Run ¹⁴³	Term Reports (digital) 1921-34/35 Term Reports (paper) 1921- 1922/23-1924/25-1934/35 ¹⁴⁴

¹³⁴ See archives of the Balch Library.

¹³⁵ This school was in Round Hill. See 9.2 (1936/40) A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools. Closed, due to consolidation.

¹³⁶ See also 6.1 Register for Round Hill & Clark's Gap: 1886 – 1888 - 1892.

¹³⁷ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments." There was apparently a break in service between 1922 a few years later, then running until final closure. See also pg. 5 in Loudoun Discovered, Volume Four.

¹³⁸ 6.1 Register for Round Hill & Clark's Gap: 1886 – 1888 - 1892.

¹³⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁴⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁴¹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 103.

¹⁴² See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments."

¹⁴³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁴⁴ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Conklin	c	1871 ¹⁴⁵	1953/54 academic year but still Bldg.. insured in 1955, not contents ¹⁴⁶ .	1 story, metal roof, frame. 18' x 28' Heated by stove. ¹⁴⁷	yes ¹⁴⁸	Broad Run ¹⁴⁹	School 58 ¹⁵⁰ Term Reports (paper) 1921/22 to 1952/53 Term Reports (digital) 1921/22-44/45. Enrollment, 1953/54 ¹⁵¹
Cool Spring	w	1876	Sale of building in 1947 ¹⁵² (Emerick 1938).	1 room Pine		Leesburg ¹⁵³	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-40/41. Term Report (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1925/26 (missing 1927/28 and 1928/29). 1929/30-1940/41. ¹⁵⁴ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ¹⁵⁵

¹⁴⁵ See archives of Prosperity Baptist Church, Conklin, Loudoun County, Va. See also <https://conklinproject.wordpress.com/students-and-teachers/>

¹⁴⁶ See 12.3, Routes Conklin. Contains memo from Superintendent O.L. Emerick of May 14, 1953 explaining that the school would be closed that academic year.

¹⁴⁷ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955), 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

¹⁴⁸ Two photos in 11.2, "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

¹⁴⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁵⁰ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

¹⁵¹ This is filed in 12.3 under Conklin because the report was used to plan busing. Breaks down the number of pupils by grade 1-7th.

¹⁵² Cool Spring School was located about three miles SE of Leesburg. According to a study in 1940 "A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation," (See 9.2), this school was closed by press time. See also 9.2.3 Cool Spring, which shows the sale of the property by the School Board on September 18, 1947. See also in 9.2.3 Waterford a memo of November 11, 1947 from Superintendent O.L. Emerick asking Wilbur Hall to prepare deed for Cool Spring School Property. The building burned in 1980. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol Two, pg. 87.

¹⁵³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁵⁴ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

¹⁵⁵ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Crossroads	w	Before 1915 ¹⁵⁶		Stone: In 1892-1898, school house was an antique stone building, 26'x20'. ¹⁵⁷ 1 room Stone ¹⁵⁸		Lovettsville ¹⁵⁹	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-28/29. Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1928/29 ¹⁶⁰ Virginia School Register for 1892/93, 1894/95, 1896/97, 1897/98 ¹⁶¹
D							
Daysville	w	Before 1923 ¹⁶²	Sold Nov 12, 1931	1 room Frame		Broad Run ¹⁶³	Term Reports (paper) 1919/20 - 1922/23 Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-27/28, 1924/25-1927/28 ¹⁶⁴

¹⁵⁶ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) page 20. See also 3.1.2 Journal of Work and Expenses. Page 115 showed that Florence Tracy taught at “Cross Roads” school near Taylorstown 1914-1916. We also have sanitation records from 1919. See Feb 28, 1919 Report on Sanitary Condition of Schools for Loudoun County in 7.8.

¹⁵⁷ In 1890’s was rented. Heated by one half of a stove. One room with stove, windows, with enough ground to play and march in Virginia School Registers for 1892-1898 Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180

¹⁵⁸ For survey of July 15, 1924 by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, see 3.4 School Surveys 1924-1939.

¹⁵⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁶⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁶¹ Catalog 6.1 Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180.

¹⁶² See 8.5 Term Length of White Schools (1923). For sale, see also Liber 7-D-211 in Archives of the Loudoun County Circuit Court. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 71-73, which indicated school at Daysville was built 1889

¹⁶³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁶⁴ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Dillon	w	1782 ¹⁶⁵ (LCPS Staff 2002)					
Douglass Elementary and H.S.	C						See under Leesburg.
E							
Ebenezer	w	Before 1888 ¹⁶⁶					
Edge Grove	w	Purchased Dec 1, 1885 ¹⁶⁷	1919 ¹⁶⁸			Jefferson	
Elvan	c	Before 1896 ¹⁶⁹				Lovettsville	Registers for 1882-1898 ¹⁷⁰

¹⁶⁵ The first school in Loudoun county was built along the Great Road, a cow path between Leesburg and Williams Gap. The school was built to educate the children of James and Rebekah Dillon, Rebecca, Susannah, Mary, Moses and Abdon.

¹⁶⁶ See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1888 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 School Census 1905, 1920, 1925)

¹⁶⁷ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol. Five, pg. 58

¹⁶⁸ Edgemoor was in Hillsboro. See 9.2 (1936/40) A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools. See also Edge Grove School in Jefferson District Folder, 1917 in (1910-1919) in School Box 1, Archives of the Loudoun County Circuit Court. Purchased from David Neer, Dec 1, 1885, Liber 7 D's, Folio 265. Sale finalized 31 January, 1919 to Nathan Neer in a Special Warranty Deed, September 13, 1917. Had been abandoned since at least 1911. See also Edge Grove in 9.1. Original Deeds. Had been an early school impacted by consolidation in 1910.

¹⁶⁹ We know it was open in 1896; but not when opened or closed. Mr. Charles S. Bell of Harpers Ferry, West Virginia was the "colored" instructor, operating on a 3rd Grade Certificate. See <https://edwinwashingtonproject.org/schools/schools-d-through-h/elvan/>

¹⁷⁰ In archives of Lovettsville Historical Society.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Emerick Graded	w	1920 ¹⁷¹	October 18, 1941 ¹⁷²	2 rooms, Stone with slate roof. 33'x53.5. ¹⁷³	Yes ¹⁷⁴	Lovettsville ¹⁷⁵	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/69 Term Report (paper) 1920/21-1924/25, 1924/25-1940/41 and 66/67-68/69 ¹⁷⁶ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ¹⁷⁷
Emerick	m	1966/67	Still Around	Brick		Lovettsville	
F							
Farmwell	w	1888 ¹⁷⁸				Broad Run	In 1896 Farmwell became Ashburn
Farmwell	c	1892	1959			Broad Run	See also <i>Cedar Lane</i> . In 1896 Farmwell became Ashburn Colored. ¹⁷⁹
Flint Hill	w	1841 ¹⁸⁰	1865 (opening of Civil War)	20 acre lot			Private school.

¹⁷¹ Open 1921. See Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives, School Box 2 (1850-1959), Folder 1 (1920-1929). Near Waters. Regarding land of A.M. and Laura Belle Conrad. See also “Public Sale of Valuable Public School Property” in 9.2 Emerick School. Also, according to a study in 1940 “A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation,” (See 9.2), this school was closed by press time.

¹⁷² See 9.2.3 Emerick – 1920-1941. “Public Sale Notice”

¹⁷³ New in 1920. In 1921/22 had two classrooms and 2 cloak rooms, 1 hall. Ventilated with air shafts. Roof leaked in 1924/25. By then as well, the toilets were good and outdoor; but needed to be moved. See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. Why was it named after O.L. Emerick, who became Superintendent in 1917? Was it named for him or his family?

¹⁷⁴ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

¹⁷⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

¹⁷⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

¹⁷⁷ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

¹⁷⁸ See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1888 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 School Census 1905, 1920, 1925). This Farmwell is white.

¹⁷⁹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol One, pg. 49

¹⁸⁰ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol Four, pg. 153

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Floris	c	¹⁸¹ Fairfax					School 56 ¹⁸²
Foxcroft	w	1914 ¹⁸³ (Williams 1938, 172)		Private Academy	y ¹⁸⁴		
Frankville	w	March 13, 1884	24 Feb 1932 ¹⁸⁵			District 6 in Broad Run.	
Furnace Mountain (a)	w	By 1918 ¹⁸⁶	By 1936 ¹⁸⁷	1 room Wood on 1 acre ¹⁸⁸ .		Leesburg	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-37/8 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1937/38 ¹⁸⁹

¹⁸¹ Was in Fairfax but “colored children” from Loudoun attended school such as in 1938/39 when 18 children attended. See 1.7. Misc Civil Rights Records: Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia 5/3/1939

¹⁸² School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

¹⁸³ See <http://www.foxcroft.org/>

¹⁸⁴ See Legends of Loudoun by Harrison Williams, pg. 172

¹⁸⁵ Property was conveyed to Indian Plantation 24 February, 1932. See Deed book 6V's, page 321. An understanding had been reached that the school had not been in use for many years. **Research Point.** More research on exact dates of operation are required. In the Balch Library is a collection This collection consists of two teacher's registers for Frankville School #11, located east of Belmont on the Leesburg Turnpike, in the Broad Run Magisterial District of Loudoun County. Frankville School was a segregated school for white children. The first register contains lists of students and attendance records for the years 1886-1894. It includes a visitors' log, end-of-term statistics, and lists of books used. Teachers during these years were Mollie Burch (fl. 1880s) and Horatio S. Stahl (1869-1935). The second register records the years 1898-1902, and also includes student names and attendance, as well as end-of-term statistics and books used. It also includes several descriptions of the schoolhouse. Teachers during these years included William Thomas Bauckman (d. 1930), Laura Stanton, J. Sterling Moran (1879-1960), and Bessie M. Wilson (fl. 1900).

¹⁸⁶ Construction or additions more likely were made in 1918. See “Statement of Particulars” in Annual Report of Division Superintendent, for the School Year closing June 30, 1918. In 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918.

¹⁸⁷ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.” In 1919/20, after graduating from Lucketts HS in 1917 (entered 1911/12) and then summer classes at Harrisonburg Normal, Ms Mabel McKimmey taught at Furnace Mountain. See personal record in 13.2 Table of Dedicated Files (Lucketts 1916/17).

¹⁸⁸ See Furnace Mountain in 6.3.1.

¹⁸⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
G							
George's Mill	w	Perhaps 1901 ¹⁹⁰	1907 (burned down) ¹⁹¹	2 room stone and frame		Lovettsville	
George's Mill	w	1907 ¹⁹²	Still around in 1915 ¹⁹³			Lovettsville	
Gleedsville (See Mountain Gap)	c						
Greggsville	c	Before 1888 ¹⁹⁴	1929	1 room Weatherboard ¹⁹⁵		Mt. Gilead ¹⁹⁶	Term Reports (digital) 1921/22-23/24, 24/25-27/28. Term Reports (paper) 1921-1927/28)
Grant (See Middleburg Colored)	c						

¹⁹⁰ Also known simply as George's School, the structure burned down about May 1, 1907. It was rebuilt by the School Board without submitting plans or specifications, on the same foundation after August 1, 1907 at an estimated cost of \$600, according to the 1907 report, but the 1908 report indicated a \$970 was paid from local School Funds. According to Donna Kroiz, her family (the wire Family) donated the land. See "Statement of Particulars" in Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1907 and July 31, 1908 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 School Census 1905, 1920, 1925) Does not appear in 1901, so perhaps that's the start.

¹⁹¹ See Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools of Loudoun County, School Year closing July 31, 1893 in in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18).

¹⁹² Rebuilt on the same location as the original for \$600.

¹⁹³ See "Table 10" in Annual Report of the Division Superintendent of Schools for Loudoun County for School Year closing June 30, 1915.

¹⁹⁴ See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1888 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). Had 108 students at the time. Spelling Griggsville in 1888.

¹⁹⁵ See 13.2 Greggsville Term Reports (1921-1928) (Weatherboard is shown for 1921, wood otherwise). Clapboard, also called bevel siding, lap siding, and weatherboard, with regional variation in the definition of these terms, is wooden siding in the form of horizontal boards, often overlapping. See also Table 3 for 1888 (to show school was there then) in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-1918.

¹⁹⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Grove (See Edgegrove)	w	Dec 1, 1895	1911	1919. Property sold 31 Jan, 1919 ¹⁹⁷ .		Mt. Gilead	In Woodgrove. Only LCPS records appear to be a photo from 1896 ¹⁹⁸ Also known as Edgegrove, 2 miles w of Hillsboro, a 1 room school house.
Guilford	w	1880 (land purchased 1879) ¹⁹⁹	1947. Replaced by Sterling.. Guilford is the old name for Sterling. (Save Old Sterling 2016, Nov) ²⁰⁰	2 room.			Term Reports (digital) 1966/67-68/69 Term Reports (paper) 166/67-68/69 ²⁰¹
Guinea	c	By 1921 ²⁰²		1 room Frame.		Lovettsville	Term Reports (digital) 1921 Term Reports (paper) 1921 (school was open for two months only).
H							
Hamilton	c	Before 1893	1947	1 room Frame	Yes ²⁰³	Jefferson	School 22. ²⁰⁴ Term Reports (digital) 1922/23-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1922/23- 1946/47.
Hamilton Odd Fellows Lodge	c	unk	unk			Jefferson	No records exist, other than a 1927 petition asking that children attend

¹⁹⁷ See Misc Papers, 1919, Mercer District in School Box 1, Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives of Loudoun County.

¹⁹⁸ Photo is held in Round Hill Center administrative building.

¹⁹⁹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 61.

²⁰⁰ See www.sterlingfoundation.org/heritage

²⁰¹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

²⁰² See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) page 20. Not owned by School Board. We have in 13.2 the 1921 Term Report for Guinea.

²⁰³ Two photos of children at 1933/34 May Day Celebrations, Photographer Russell Gregg.

²⁰⁴ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							the lodge. This is contained in EWP Archives box 2.5A.
Hamilton Elementary	w	Before 1920/21 Addition in 1951 ²⁰⁵		3 room Brick ²⁰⁶	Yes ²⁰⁷	Mt. Gilead ²⁰⁸	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1968/69 Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1965/66 ²⁰⁹ Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1963/64-1968/69. ²¹⁰ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ²¹¹
Herndon	c						
Hillsboro Academy	w	1845 (LCPS Staff 2002) ²¹²	1855				

²⁰⁵ We are still determining first year of operation. We know from Term Reports in 6.3.1 that it was in operation as early as 1920/21. Addition included an auditorium with stage curtains, an attractive first grade room and two rest rooms. 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. Indicated construction date of 1922 but we have class notes back to 1920.

²⁰⁶ By 1922/23 was considered stucco. Had 7 rooms, including a basement and modern indoor toilets. In 1958 had a metal roof and stucco walls.

²⁰⁷ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. 61'x57.5'.

²⁰⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁰⁹ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²¹⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

²¹¹ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick which could have been written as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

²¹² Offered philosophy and the classics. Boys studied for the ministry.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Hillsboro	c	1886 ²¹³	1947 ²¹⁴	1 Room Frame. 24.5' x 37' Heated with stove.	Yes ²¹⁵	Jefferson ²¹⁶	School 10²¹⁷ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1946/47
Hillsboro Elementary	w	1874 ²¹⁸ (Nelson 2017)	At least to 1968/69, the last year for which we have Term Reports.	5 room Stone ²¹⁹	Yes ²²⁰	Jefferson ²²¹	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1968/69 Final and Preliminary Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1964/65 ²²² Term Report (paper) 1920/21-1924 Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ²²³
Hillsboro Addition	w	Dec, 1917 ²²⁴		2 rooms		Jefferson	

²¹³ Hillsboro had a white elementary school as far back as 1845 which was sold to the “colored” community who moved the school house and used the original land as a cemetery. See History of Hamilton, Virginia by Elizabeth P. Chamblin, in Blue Ridge Herald, September 4, 1924, page 4

²¹⁴ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry

²¹⁵ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

²¹⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²¹⁷ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

²¹⁸ The stone structure was originally the Locust Grove Academy, opened in 1874. Addition to Hillsboro was started in spring, 1917 at a cost of \$4750. Report of June 30, 1917 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918. In 1918 a Junior High School was added at the same location, which remained in operation until 1935. A second addition, a brick auditorium, was added in 1929.

²¹⁹ In box 16.2 in the Edwin Washington Archives are also two diaries connected with well and building repairs and construction at the Hillsboro Elementary school in 1965/66. See also lengthy description from 1940 of structure.

²²⁰ Two photos in 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

²²¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²²² See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²²³ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

²²⁴ See “Buildings Completed 1917 –” on page 439 in 2.4.2 District Accounts and Census Returns 1882-1921.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Hillsboro Addition	w	1939 ²²⁵				Jefferson	
Hillsboro High School	w		Abt 1926 lost accreditation but open as late as 1934. ²²⁶			Jefferson	Annual High School Report (paper) 1929/30-1933/34. Final HS Report 1925/26, 1926/27, 1927/28 Annual HS Report, Annual Junior HS Report and preliminary reports, 1919-1928. ²²⁷
Howardsville	C						
Hughesville	w	1825 (LCPS Staff 2002) ²²⁸	1860	Boarding and Day school ²²⁹	Maybe ²³⁰	Mt. Gilead	
Hughesville	w. then c	1873 ²³¹		Clapboard over brick		Mt Gilead	More research required

²²⁵ Hillsboro and the grounds were also expanded in 1918. See Report of Aug 3, 1918 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 19171-1918

²²⁶ Hillsboro High School was a two year facility which lost its accreditation in 1925 or 1926. See page 14 of Discussion of April 10, 1926 of County School Board. White Petition Box, Lincoln-Purcellville Dispute. We have preliminary Annual High School reports for 1933/34 in 13.2 at which time it had 2 elementary school rooms and 1 high school room. It also had a separate room for laboratory work and a separate library, as well as an auditorium suitable for 200.

²²⁷ 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928. Note that in 1920/21, didn't have any laboratory equipment. In 1921, reflecting on the Junior HS Report, there were not enough teachers in the grades and "patrons did not understand just what a Jr High School was." Principal wanted to keep it open as a Jr. HS only. In 1922, the program for Jr HS was considered too heavy for two teachers. In 1923/24, the per capita cost of transportation for pupils was \$10.78. In 1923, the heating system was failing.

²²⁸ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 153. Benjamin Franklin Taylor of the Society of Friends established Hughesville's first school in 1825. See also Dorsey, pg. 8.

²²⁹ Run by Benjamin Franklin Taylor.

²³⁰ In 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. Some caution is needed. There were two Hughesville school and we have two photos labeled as Hughsville; but we are uncertain to the accuracy.

²³¹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 155. White school opened for the spring term of 1873 on land donated by Thomas and Sallie Gore, October 18, 1872 to promote white boys and girls. In 1897, the building was purchased by Old school Baptist Trustees on April 21, 1897. About that time, the colored school up the mountain towards Mount Gilead burned and so the old white school was turned over to African-Americans, complete with a fresh outhouse. See also citation for 1890 colored school at Hughesville. Dates need to be examined.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Hughesville	c	1882 ²³²					More Research required
Hughesville	c	1890	1947 ²³³	1 room Frame and outhouse 19.5'x32.5'.	Yes ²³⁴	Mt. Gilead ²³⁵	School No. 31 ²³⁶ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1946/47.
Humphrey's	w	See Paxson					
I							
Irene	c	Before 1893					
K							
Kalb		1869 ²³⁷	Unknown	Stone springhouse and school house			
Kavanaugh	c	1886	1899			Broad Run	See also Royville:

²³² See 9.1 Historic Deed, Hughesville Colored, 1882. The folder contains the original deed for land sold to School District of Mt. Gilead on October 24, 1882. Written on back of deed is a penciled in statement "probably old Negro School at Hughesville." Further research on all of the Hughesville citations is required,

²³³ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57, pg. 32. Not insured in 1924. See 9.2.3, sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry. Sold for \$325. See also 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. In 2.5A are petitions from Hughesville from 1927 and 1928 asking that the school be reopened, due to having enough students.

²³⁴ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

²³⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²³⁶ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

²³⁷ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol. Five, pg. 131

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Teacher Registers: Kavanaugh Colored School #E 1886-1899, The first part of the register covers the years 1886-1891. The register includes lists of students and their attendance records, as well as end-of-term statistics and lists of subjects taught. The second part of the register covers the years 1898-1899. During that time, the school was called Royville Colored School #3. It is unclear whether Royville and Kavanaugh were run in the same building, but they served the same community of African Americans in Loudoun County. ²³⁸
L							
Lakeland	w	1795 ²³⁹	Uncertain when closed. Bldg. still stands.	Stone			
Lakeland (known as Atoka when a public school)	w	1840's ²⁴⁰	1915				

²³⁸ In Balch Library, Leesburg, Virginia

²³⁹ Built to educate the children of Isaac and James Lake.

²⁴⁰ On Atoka Road, 7/10's of a mile south of the village of Atoka. Was a private school, then public around 1885. See history on pg. 51 Loudoun Discovered.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Leesburg Academy (old)	w	1844 ²⁴¹ (Dorsey 1937, 6)	1873 (LCPS Staff 2002) ²⁴²			Leesburg	
Leesburg Academy New	w	1875 ²⁴³				Leesburg	
Leesburg P.S.	w	1870	1893 ²⁴⁴			Leesburg	
Loudoun Hotel	w	1893 ²⁴⁵				Leesburg	
Leesburg Elementary	w	1925				Leesburg	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-68/96 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25, 1963/64-68/69 ²⁴⁶ Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1957/58, 1959/60- 1960/61, 1963/64- 1965/66 ²⁴⁷ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ²⁴⁸
Leesburg Addition	c	1935				Leesburg	Term Reports digital 1920/21-1940/41 1939/40/41
Leesburg Douglass Elem	c	1958	2011			Leesburg	Teacher's Registers (1967/68 – 1970/71)

²⁴¹ Built adjacent to courthouse green and then sold to the county. Proceeds were used to build a three story brick public school. Following an appearance by Professor McGuffey of McGuffey's readers, the building was erected using funds from a lottery.

²⁴² Dorsey had the date being 1872. See Dorsey, pg. 6.

²⁴³ Dorsey, pg. 6. The following year was opened as a boarding school.

²⁴⁴ Dorsey, pg. 6. Education was conducted in two buildings on the Wood School lot on Royal Street, which then burned to the ground, February, 1893.

²⁴⁵ Dorsey, pg. 6. After the public school burned in February, 1893, classes were moved to the old Loudoun Hotel, which a six room building was erected.

²⁴⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

²⁴⁷ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²⁴⁸ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Term Reports (paper) 1941/42-1968/69) Term Reports (digital) 1941/42-62/63 and 1963/643-68/69. Enrollment Report. 1955/56 Enrollment Report. 1956/57 1965/66 ²⁴⁹
Leesburg Douglass High	c	1941 ²⁵⁰	1968 after integration.	One story, metal roof brick Bldg. ²⁵¹		Leesburg	Diplomas: Original diplomas from 1940's and 60's that were never given out. PTA 1964 Term Reports (paper) 1941/42-1963/64 Principal's or Head Teacher's Term Report 1942/43-1961/61 Term Reports (digital) 1941/42-63/64 Final and Preliminary HS Reports and Statement of Plans: 1942 – 1954 Shared Experiences: ²⁵² 1951 document on how Douglass provided education and implements its philosophy. Certificates of Accreditation: from 1941 to 1966. Statement of Philosophy by the Faculty. 1966 ²⁵³

²⁴⁹ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²⁵⁰ Memo of May 22, 1950 in See 11.3 Insurance which indicates Douglass suffered a fire on March 21, 1950, though damage doesn't appear to have been significant.

²⁵¹ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955)

²⁵² Editorial note: Ask Kent HardCastle to review this for management,

²⁵³ Editorial note: Make sure Kent Hardcastle sees this.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							School Plays dated and undated from 1940's and 50's, including commencement. School Song: Not dated School Paper, the Douglass Comet. List of Graduates: 1963 Final Annual High School Report: 1941-1961 Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1965/66 ²⁵⁴ Term Reports (digital) 1941/42-1963/64 Principal's or Head Teacher's Enrollment Report 1955-56
Leesburg. Douglass HS Shop	c		Still in 1955	One story, metal roof, brick Bldg. ²⁵⁵ ..		Leesburg	
Leesburg Elem and HS (Loudoun County)	c	1883 (Cissel 2003)1910 for secondary schooling	1941, when Douglass HS opened. still standing but not habitable.	Wood Frame. Still standing but need significant repairs to be habitable. ²⁵⁸	Yes ²⁵⁹	Leesburg ²⁶⁰	School 56²⁶¹ Term Reports (digital) 1934/35-1939/40 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24 and 1924/25-1940/41.

²⁵⁴ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²⁵⁵ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955)

²⁵⁸ The school lacked running water, heat and fire escapes. Editorial Note: Was this totally closed in 1941 when Douglass High School was opened or did it continue to offer elementary education? When did it begin to be used as a storage location for school records?

The Annual Report of Division Superintendent of Loudoun for the Year Closing June 30, 1910, (Table 4) showed 6 colored in Mr. Gilead District and 4 in Leesburg in higher grades, vs 285 for white students across all districts. First year such statistics taken,

²⁵⁹ One photo in 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. For photo from 2016, see <https://edwinwashingtonproject.org/schools/loudoun-colored-schools/aldie/#jp-carousel-1323>.

²⁶⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁶¹ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Training center) ²⁵⁶		until 1941. (Scheel, High Schools Once Flourished Across Area 2003) ²⁵⁷		20 Union Street, in Leesburg			Final and Preliminary High School Reports (paper) 1934-1940.
Leesburg Elem	w			8 room Brick ²⁶²		Leesburg ²⁶³	Final and Preliminary High School Reports: (paper) 1929/30- 1933. ²⁶⁴ Final and Preliminary High School Reports (paper) 1928/29-1954. ²⁶⁵ Elementary School Graduates (paper) 1960-1969/70. Leesburg School Fund (paper) 1965-1969, plus rubber stamps. Leesburg Receipts (paper in large envelope) Appears to be 1968/69. Enrollment Report. 1961/62 - 1962/63 ²⁶⁶

²⁵⁶ Also known as Leesburg Training Center.

²⁵⁷ Scheel places the beginnings of secondary education at the original Loudoun County High School, the second floor of the Union Street building, starting about 1910 with a non-accredited two year program, the nearest accredited program being in Manassas at the Manassas Industrial School which had begun with Jennie Dean. The Loudoun Program was known more often as the Loudoun County Training Center, a term which was invented by the Superintendent of Public Instruction in Richmond, in consultation with the Jeanes and Slater Funds. The schools were to be set up in every county with the best teachers and for the best students. They were even supposed to train teachers, part of the reason for the name. That last function was dropped quickly, and as Scheel implied in his 2003 article, the name was political, white politicians not wanting to provide a real high school for African-Americans. That would not occur until 1941 with Douglass High School. It's also worth noting that because public transportation for African-Americans didn't begin until 1937, some students boarded at the 'Training Center.'

²⁶² In 1920/21, was considered in poor state of repair. By 1923, had 16 room and was considered in a good state of repair.

²⁶³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁶⁴ The binder in Chapter 13 box says Leesburg Elementary; but the forms are high school related with elementary school statistics thrown in for grades 1-7.

²⁶⁵ Contains high school and elementary school records.

²⁶⁶ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24
Leesburg Quaker and Other	c	1865 or 66	Unk			Leesburg	
Leesburg. Contemporary Douglass Elementary	both	2011				Leesburg	
Leesburg: Home of Reverend William L. Robey	c	1866				Leesburg	
Leesburg Old HS	w	1920 or earlier	After Spring, 1954, along with Aldie, Lincoln and Lovettsville to consolidate behind the new	One story brick with basement and addition ²⁶⁷ .	Yes ²⁶⁸	Leesburg	See folder. Original building burned down and replaced by a larger one, which is now used as Senior Center, owned by Loudoun County Parks and Rec. ²⁶⁹ Final Annual HS Report 1921/22 - 1927/28.

²⁶⁷ Research Question: 1940 Insurance analysis indicated building was constructed in 1926. Need to double check history of building. 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²⁶⁸ Three photos in 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²⁶⁹ Inside folder is a photo of original structure which burned down, as well as replacement, which is now used as an adult center. In addition, are two blue folders. 1949 Bailment. Contains bailment of January 17, 1949 loaning John H. Converse of Philadelphia wanted the loan an oil painting of his grandfather, Freeman Converse who between 1830-1846 was President of the Old Leesburg Academy. Leesburg High School agreed to loan it indefinitely; however, Converse had to return if requested. Note. Property is now owned by Drexel University. The academy was chartered in 1799, built next to the courthouse in 1844 and then moved to 102 North Street in 1873. It was not able to withstand the competition of free public education and closed in 1879, at which point the Board of Supervisors purchased the building, which is now part of the Loudoun County Courthouse Complex. Also in 1879 the Leesburg High School moved into the building. The structure on north street burned down in 1893 and 1925. Then in 1954, as a result of the consolidation movement, Loudoun County High school opened in Leesburg as the one high school for white children. A drawing of Leesburg High School in 1915 is available in post card format at the Balch Library in Leesburg, Va.

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			Loudoun county High School.				Prelim and Annual HS Reports , undated and 1919/20-1927/28 ²⁷⁰ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ²⁷¹
Leesburg: Loudoun County HS	W then mixed	Construction 1953 ²⁷² Opened, fall 1954.		Brick	Yes ²⁷³	Leesburg	Enrollment Report. 1955/56 1965/66 ²⁷⁴ Term Reports (paper) 1954/55-1963/64-1968/69
Leithton	c	about or before 1895	1917			Mercer	
Leithton (First Pot House School)	w		Moved across the street in 1921 Burned July 27, 1923 ²⁷⁵			Mercer ²⁷⁶	Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923

²⁷⁰ See 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928

²⁷¹ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

²⁷² See 9.2.3 Construction: Loudoun County High School, Completion 6/9/1953

²⁷³ See 1956 Lord Loudoun, Yearbook of Loudoun County High School.

²⁷⁴ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

²⁷⁵ Was moved across Pot House crossroads See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), page 24. See also Leighton Pot House in Mercer District (1920-29)(Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, Box 2. Exchange of land to accommodate a larger school building 17 September, 1920. 2 acres, SE corner of Frost Farm. The original structure was dilapidated. See also plat in file. **Leighton – Pot House May 1920.** Mercer School District realized that the number of children in Leithton community required an additional teacher and that the existing school was in bad shape, so the District decided to buy two acres of land from H.W. Frost at Leithton through an exchange plan. See ²⁷⁵ Folder 1 1920-1929 in School Box 2 (1850-1959, Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County.

²⁷⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Leithton (Second Pot House School)	w	1921 ²⁷⁷	Still stands	2 room Frame. ²⁷⁸		Mercer ²⁷⁹	Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1935/36
Lenah	w	Purchased Sept 24, 1895 ²⁸⁰	Sold Aug 25, 1928	1 room wood ²⁸¹		Broad Run ²⁸²	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1919/20-1923/24, 1924/25-1927/28 ²⁸³
Limestone	w	Nov 16, 1873 ²⁸⁴	Aug 17, 1929	1 room wood, heated by wood stove. Sat on 1 acre, unenclosed. Outside toilets. ²⁸⁵		Leesburg ²⁸⁶	Term Reports (paper) 1919/20 -1923/24, 1924/25- 1928/29 ²⁸⁷ Term Reports (digital)

²⁷⁷ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923

²⁷⁸ 1920/21-1922 described as having two rooms. In 1923/24, described as a one room frame. See term reports in 6.3.1. Sat on 3.25 acres, enclosed by fence. Coal stove. Exterior was pebble dashed.

²⁷⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁸⁰ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools. See also Catalog 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 44. Insurance was cancelled May 19, 1930. See also "Extract from Minutes of County School Board Meeting of December 14, 1926" in 9.2.3 Lovettsville School 1926-1937. The minutes showed that Miss Bessie Blocker was appointed to teach the school beginning, January 3rd, 1927. ½ acre of less on South Side of Lee-Jackson highway, 1/2 mile west of Lenah. Lenah school activities were consolidated with Aldie School.

²⁸¹ In 1920/21 had wood surface, cloth blackboards.

²⁸² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁸³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

²⁸⁴ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923. See also catalog 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) page 16. Policy cancelled May 19, 1930. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 48. See also Liber 6 F's, Folio 91, Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, Box 1. Still sits on corner of R 15 and Limestone School Road. When it closed in 1929, children were bused to Lucketts the following year.

²⁸⁵ Used cloth blackboards. See Term Report for 1920/21 in 6.3.1. By 1922, the building was in disrepair which declined to serious disrepair by 1923. The acreage was enclosed by then about half way around.

²⁸⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁸⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Lincoln	c	1872	1947 ²⁸⁸	2 room stone and lumber. Electricity and stove. 2 stories. 27.5 x 37.5 ²⁸⁹	Yes ²⁹⁰	Mt. Gilead ²⁹¹	School 28 ²⁹² Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1922/23 - 1924/25-1946/47. 1940 Statistics (see 9.2 Surveys ²⁹³)
Lincoln Elementary	w	1879 ²⁹⁴ with addition in 1939.	1909 and then reopened about 7 years later. ²⁹⁵ Property sold in 1954	8 room brick and cement ²⁹⁶	Yes ²⁹⁷	Mt. Gilead ²⁹⁸	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923-24, 1924-25-1963/64 and 1968/69 ²⁹⁹ Final and Preliminary Annual High School Reports (paper) 1933-1953/54 ³⁰⁰

²⁸⁸ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry

²⁸⁹ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²⁹⁰ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. See also photo collection of Lincoln Preservation Foundation. <http://www.lincolnpreservation.org/?lightbox=image1aha>. The photo contains an American Flag with the initials LCS on it, likely Lincoln Colored School.

²⁹¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁹² School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

²⁹³ See Chapter 9.2 Surveys. In 1940 (then called Lincoln Negro school, vs Colored), a memo of Superintendent O.L. Emerick (6/27/1940) stated that only one room was in use and that 7 grades were taught. The enrollment was 35.

²⁹⁴ See Testimony of O.L. Emerick to Circuit Court in White Petition Box, subj. 1926 Dispute Between Purcellville and Lincoln. The school in Lincoln was actually a log cabin created by the Quakers in 1757. See <http://www.loudoun.k12.va.us/domain/7649>. 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²⁹⁵ See Testimony of Superintendent O.L. Emerick to Circuit Court in White Petition Box, subj. 1926 Dispute Between Purcellville and Lincoln. See also Public Sale for July 13, 1954 in 9.2.3 Lincoln Graded. This was a two story, four room brick building one ¼ of an acre of land, more or less. Had indoor toilets.

²⁹⁶ 1920/21 (8 room). After that, listed with only three rooms.

²⁹⁷ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

²⁹⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

²⁹⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

³⁰⁰ Contains some elementary school records for 8th graders.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Final Annual HS Reports (paper 1921/22, 1922/23, 1923/24, 1924/25 Enrollment Report. 1955/56, 1964/65 ³⁰¹ , 1965/66. Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁰²
Lincoln HS	w	1909 ³⁰³	1926			Mt. Gilead ³⁰⁴	Graduate Records 1910-1916 List of Graduates for 1926 (held in White Petition Folder in 25(B) for Controversy over Replacement of Lincoln HS in 1926. Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21, 1925/26, 1926/27, Undated Note on take over of Mr. Furness and High School Enrollment Report ³⁰⁵ . <u>Preliminary and Annual HS Reports 1920-/28 (some undated)</u> ³⁰⁶ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁰⁷

³⁰¹ By this date students might have moved to Lincoln HS site and HS students consolidated with Loudoun County HS. Doublecheck this. See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

³⁰² See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁰³ 1910 and a 3 room building over 10 acres of ground is proposed by "Statement of Particulars" in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools for the Year ending June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). See also Statement of Particulars in 1911 report. In 1950 the school boarded and taught 8th graders at Round Hill School as well as Purcellville.

³⁰⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁰⁵ See 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928." The Lincoln portion covers the old and the new HS

³⁰⁶ See 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928." The Lincoln portion covers the old and the new HS

³⁰⁷ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Lincoln HS	w	Replacement of original in 1926 ³⁰⁸	1955 ³⁰⁹ High School Becomes Elementary School.	6 high school rooms on ten acres. 33.5x34”	Yes ³¹⁰	Mt. Gilead ³¹¹	Folder of papers related to replacing Lincoln HS, which burned down in 1926. ³¹² Physically kept in white petition box under Lincoln-Purcellville Dispute. Preliminary and Annual HS Reports 1920-/28 (some undated) ³¹³ Final Annual HS Report 1927/28
Lincoln Home Economics Cottage	w	1925 ³¹⁴	Sold 1954 ³¹⁵	5 rooms, story with hot air furnace. 200 ‘ NE of HS Bldg. ³¹⁶ .	Yes ³¹⁷	Mt. Gilead	
Lincoln Shop	w	1922		One story frame, one room. 26’x32’, about	Yes ³¹⁹	Mt. Gilead	

³⁰⁸ For financing, See Page 46 in 2.10 (on-line) Minutes of Board of Supervisor Meeting of October 28, 1926 regarding financing structure. See history of replacement in 2.5A (Lincoln-Purcellville Dispute of 1926). 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940 had 1925 as construction date; but it was actually 1926.

³⁰⁹ Became Lincoln Elementary School and High School Students moved to Loudoun County High School

³¹⁰ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³¹¹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³¹² Contains a great deal of historical information, including on Decision of trustees to erect a High School in Lincoln. Report was printed in 1909

³¹³ See 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928.”

³¹⁴ Reports from 1932-34 indicate that the cottage was used for training in home economics. See 5.4 Home Economics 1932-1943.

³¹⁵ See Public Sale in 9.2.3 Lincoln Cottage for announcement of sale on July 13, 1954. Five room frame house and ½ acre of land located on 10 acre lot of Lincoln High School.

³¹⁶ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. See also 9.2.3 Lincoln Graded, Lincoln Home Economics Cottage and Lovettsville cottage, 1955

³¹⁷ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³¹⁹ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				45' NE of HS building. ³¹⁸			
Little River	C	Before 1929 ³²⁰				Broad Run	
Little River (A)	w	1887	By 1937 ³²¹	1 room wood frame		Broad Run ³²²	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1928/29-1935/36. Missing 1924/25, 25/26, 26/27 and 27/28 ³²³ .
Llangollan	w	1937 (Williams 1938) ³²⁴				Leesburg	Private schools ³²⁵
Locust Grove (see Hillsboro Academy))	w						
Lost Corner	w	Before 1919 ³²⁶					

³¹⁸ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940, which proposed 1923 as construction date.

³²⁰ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , pg. 44

³²¹ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.”

³²² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³²³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

³²⁴ Private school for young children opened by Mrs. Francis L. Patton (Miss Louise D. Harrison). Patton was once president of Princeton. Research question. We should learn more about this. Archives listed school for academic Years 1936/37 (but no information, which was the report as well for Foxcroft) See 3.3 Annual School Reports: 1926 to 1937. Name means Church of St. Gall in Welch. **Rumor has it there was also a school on the property for the children of tenant farmers.**

³²⁵ Mentioned in 1936/37 Annual Report of Superintendent, “information not available.”

³²⁶ See also reference to white Oak Grove. We are not certain about this school. We found a reference to both Lost Corner and Oak Grove t in 13.2 Table of Dedicated Files (Luckett’s HS Student Records for 1918/19) to a white graduate named Annie Shipman who attended summer school at Harrisonburg in 1918, then taught one at “Lost Corner” or Oak Grove school. She went to Harrisonburg again in 1920 and taught at Luckett’s for two sessions, then elsewhere in the county. Unfortunately, her personnel records appear not to have survived. She showed up in the

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Loudoun Valley HS ³²⁷	w	1962					Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1962/63-1968/69 Enrollment Report. 1962/63-1965/66 ³²⁸ Also Eighth Grade Roster for 1964/65.
Lovettsville	c	1868		One room on an acre (Black History Committee unk, pg 14).			
Lovettsville	c	1882 ³²⁹	1949. Still insured 1955.	1 room, 1 story metal roof, frame with 9 windows and	Yes ³³¹	Lovettsville ³³²	School 4 ³³³ . Also known as colored A ³³⁴ Virginia Public School Register , 1892-1897 and 1898/99. AY 1901/02 ³³⁵ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1949/50

1920 US Census for Leesburg as a Public School Teacher. See also research by Eugene Scheel on a brick school for African Americans also called Oak Grove. Editorial Note. There is a Lost Corner Farm in Leesburg by the river and on 11/28/2016 we asked if they had a history of a school on their property.

³²⁷ **Research question. Where was this?**

³²⁸ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

³²⁹ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) page 21. Not owned by school board. Probably from 1880. Research note. Review the sequence of buildings. History described on page 14 *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

³³¹ Contemporary photo as Antioch Methodist Episcopal Church on Berlin Turnpike in Lovettsville on pg. 14, *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee

³³² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³³³ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

³³⁴ See 6.1 Register for Lovettsville School A, 1898. Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180

³³⁵ Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180. AY 1901/02 is contained in the Register for Brooklyn White 1897-1899.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				heated with a coal stove ³³⁰			Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1949/50. Registers for 1892-1898 ³³⁶
Lovettsville	w						See also Brooklyn School No 5.
Lovettsville H.S.	w	1886 ³³⁷		7 room Wood. Windows and steam heat.	Yes ³³⁸	Lovettsville ³³⁹	
Lovettsville	w	1927 ³⁴⁰		8 rooms and auditorium. Extensive physical	Yes ³⁴²	Lovettsville ³⁴³	Term Reports (digital) Annual HS Report ³⁴⁴ Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21 - 923/24 ³⁴⁵ , 1924/25--1927/28 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1963-64

³³⁰ See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955). Excellent condition in 1898. See also 6.1 Register for Lovettsville School A, 1898. Location. Archives of the Lovettsville Historical Society. 4 E Pennsylvania Ave, Lovettsville, VA 20180. Furniture in 1898 consisted of 15 student desks and one teacher desk, plus 5 benches, 3 black boards, 1 stove, 1 scuttle and shovel, 1 broom and 2 buckets, as well as five cups and 1 chart. The school was owned by the School District. In 1901, size was shown as 20'x30'. Had a coal stove, six windows, one door one story frame on one acre of land. The school was owned by the district. 4 long benches, 14 desks, 1 teacher's desk, 1 language chart, 2 chairs, 1 numerical frame, 3 black boards, 1 coal bucket and shovel, 1 bucket and 4 tin cups, 1 broom 1 axe and about one ton of coal.

³³⁶ Held by Lovettsville Historical Society

³³⁷ See "Lovettsville School Building" in 9.2.3 Lovettsville School, 1926-1937. Addition was provided in 1910 and then a furnace and water in 1920. For 1910, see also "Statement of Particulars" in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools for the Year ending June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). The Annual Report said Lovettsville consisted of 4 rooms.

³³⁸ See page 46, Lovettsville, the German Settlement by Yetine Rockefeller Weatherly, Lovettsville Bicentennial Committee

³³⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁴⁰ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , pg. 20. Not owned by school board in 1924. See also 9.2.3 Lovettsville School 1926-37. Building was authorized built 14, Dec, 1926.

³⁴² 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

³⁴³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁴⁴ Undated in 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928."

³⁴⁵ 21.4% dropped from High School

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				description in files. ³⁴¹			Final and Preliminary HS Reports 1922- 28/29-1953/54. Graduate Records 1918-1954 Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1956/57 ³⁴⁶ -1965/66 Attendance Prospects 1924/25 for Lucketts, UB and Lovettsville ³⁴⁷ . Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁴⁸ Undated and Annual and Preliminary HS Reports, 1920/21-1927/28. Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁴⁹
Lovettsville Addition	w	1938				Lovettsville	
Lovettsville Ag	w	1934		Frame construction. ³⁵⁰	Yes ³⁵¹	Lovettsville	

³⁴¹ See Page 48 in 2.10 (on-line) Minutes of Board of Supervisor Meeting of December 27, 1926.. See also 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³⁴⁶ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

³⁴⁷ See 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928.”

³⁴⁸ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁴⁹ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁵⁰ See “Lovettsville Shop” in 9.4.1 Civil Works Administration. Straight gable roof of galvanized iron 26” gauge. Floor was flat grained pine. See also 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. 41’x21’ One room, electricity and stove.

³⁵¹ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Lovettsville Teachers Cottage (teacherage) ³⁵²	w	1922	Sold July 13, 1954	2 story frame on stone foundation . Six rooms ³⁵³	Yes ³⁵⁴	Lovettsville	
Lovettsville Cottage	w	1945 ³⁵⁵	1955 sold			Lovettsville	
Lucketts	c	Before 1893	Still open in 1938/39			Leesburg	School Number 12. Student population 17 ³⁵⁶
Lucketts	w	1912 ³⁵⁷	H.S. Department ordered shut Nov 9, 1937 and students conveyed to Leesburg. (Emerick 1938). Elementary	6 room Frame		Leesburg ³⁵⁸	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1963/64-65-69 ³⁵⁹ . Final and Preliminary HS Reports: 1928/29-1950. Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21 -1923/24 ³⁶⁰ , 1924/25 - 1927/28

³⁵² See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 50. Insurance cancelled May 16, 1927.

³⁵³ Extensive physical description and dimensions in 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. Known as Lovettsville Cottage, Lovettsville Teacherage or Home Economics Cottage. See also 9.2.3 Lincoln Graded, Lincoln Home Economics Cottage and Lovettsville cottage, 1955. See also Blue Ridge Herald, July 1, 1954

³⁵⁴ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³⁵⁵ See 9.2.3 Lovettsville Cottage. Material implies land was purchased in 1945 and sold in 1955. Question. How does this relate to the Lovettsville Teachers Cottage, created in 1922?

³⁵⁶ See 1.7 Misc Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

³⁵⁷ See “Statement of Particulars” in 3.3 Annual Report of Division Superintendent of Schools of Loudoun for June 30, 1912. Indicated 4 rooms on 5 acres of land. An addition was made in 1929. See 9.2.3 Lucketts School Addition, 1929. Eugene had a different opening year of 1916, indicating that before then the educational needs were handled by Sunnyside. See pg. 71. Loudoun Discovered, Volume Two

³⁵⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁵⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969.

³⁶⁰ 9.6% dropped out.

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			school closed in 1971.				Graduate Records 1916-1917 (also with these records is blue box of duplicates and originals) Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1964/65 ³⁶¹ - 1965/66 Attendance Prospects 1924/25 for Lucketts, UB and Lovettsville ³⁶² . Undated and Annual and Prelim Annual HS Reports 1919/20-1928 ³⁶³ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁶⁴
Lucketts (addition)	w	Nov 1919 ³⁶⁵				Leesburg	
M							
Marble Quarry	c	1874 ³⁶⁶	1947 ³⁶⁷	One room frame with six windows and a stove. In 1922/23 had an American Flag	Yes ³⁶⁹	Mercer ³⁷⁰	School 46 ³⁷¹ Term Reports (digital) 1922/23-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1946/47.

³⁶¹ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year)..

³⁶² See 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928."

³⁶³ 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928"

³⁶⁴ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁶⁵ See "Buildings Completed 1917 –" on page 439 in 2.4.2 District Accounts and Census Returns 1882-1921. Lucketts also received a furnace.

³⁶⁶ 1875 was proposed by "History of Education in Loudoun County," by Ford Dewey.

³⁶⁷ See 9.1 Deeds July 22, 1939. Was on Sam Fred Road, which runs between Rt. 50 and Snickersville Turnpike

³⁶⁹ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. See also page 5 for photo of school building converted to church in *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

³⁷⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁷¹ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				on the building. 20.5' x 30' ³⁶⁸			Term Reports (paper) 1922/23-1946/47.
McGraw's Ridge	w	1889	July 22, 1939 ³⁷²	1 room Wood, in bad condition in 1920/21 but good by 1923. 13'x13' ³⁷³	Yes ³⁷⁴	Broad Run ³⁷⁵	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1938/39 ³⁷⁶ .
Middlebury	w	1805	1836 ³⁷⁷				
Middleburg	C	1868					
Middleburg (also known as Grant School) ³⁷⁸	c	1886/1888	1948 ³⁷⁹	2 room frame one story one acre ³⁸⁰ , ventilated by	Yes ³⁸²	Mercer ³⁸³	School 50 ³⁸⁴ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1946/47.

³⁶⁸ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. See pg. 15, *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee for history. Had school starting in 1875. Moved to Sam Fred Road in 1920's near Berryman Lans. "In 1970 the church congregation converted the school to ... New Zion," church.

³⁷² See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: **September 6, 1947**: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry, which indicated property was sold for \$360. Burned down in in 1942, See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 87. Research question. Was there a white and a colored Marble Quarry?

³⁷³ **Editorial Note:** We should compare repairs of white and colored schools as a distinct paper.n

³⁷⁴ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

³⁷⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁷⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

³⁷⁷ Dorsey, pf 9. This was a private school operated by William Williamsom

³⁷⁸ Named not for General Grant, but for teacher and principal Oliver L. Grant. See Annual Report of Superintendent of Schools for Year ending July 31, 1893.

³⁷⁹ See Memo of 20 Aug 1945 from Charles Houston in 9.2.3 St. Louis/Bennaker, indicating unsanitary conditions at Middleburg school.. The same folder holds the deeds of the original colored school to the Middleburg Community Center in 1948

³⁸⁰ See 13.2 Table of Dedicated Files, Middleburg Colored. See also "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album in 11.2.

³⁸² See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

³⁸³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁸⁴ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				windows. In 1936 had a US flag on school house but not in many other years. Heated by stoves. Had electricity. Flues were brick. Size was 50'x20.5 with an L about 10'x20'. Good condition in 1940. ³⁸¹			
Middleburg (see also Stove Pipe Academy)	w	1911 ³⁸⁵ (1915), with addition in 1927.	1934 (LTM Staff 1934)	6 room and auditorium, brick, joisted one story with metal roof, on stone and	Yes ³⁸⁷	Mercer ³⁸⁸	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25, 1924/25-1963/64. ³⁸⁹ Annual HS Report ³⁹⁰

³⁸¹ See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³⁸⁵ See 9.1 (Middleburg (w), 1960. The original structure was created 1911 at a cost of \$8,000. An auditorium was added in 1929 at a cost of \$13,000. Another addition was added in 1960 at a cost of \$110,665 (exclusive of equipment). The addition consisted of 3 classrooms, a clinic, office, library, teacher’s lounge, new toilets, and the auditorium was converted into a multi-purpose room. 1910 and 4 room construction over 3 acres is proposed by “Statement of Particulars” in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools for the Year ending June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). See also Table 6 in Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing June 30 1911 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). Total cost was listed as \$5,000 on which structure was set upon 3 acres and consisted of 4 rooms. \$2500 was borrowed from the Literary Fund and \$21600 from private contributions. 1915 as the construction date with an addition in 1927 was proposed by “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album in 11.2.

³⁸⁷ See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

³⁸⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

³⁸⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

³⁹⁰ Undated in 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928.”

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
				concrete foundation. In 1940 heated by low pressure steam plant. Had water and plumbing. Good condition in 1940 ³⁸⁶ .			Final and Preliminary Annual High School Reports: 1925/26- 1927/28 Graduate Records 1921-1936 Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1957/58³⁹¹-1964/65³⁹²-1965/66 Undated and Annual and Prelim Annual HS Reports 1919-1928.³⁹³ Annual Library Report for High And Elementary Schools ³⁹⁴ Individual Academic Cards. Mixed years 1920's-30's. Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ³⁹⁵
Middleburg	W			³⁹⁶			
Millsville	w	Nov 8, 1888 ³⁹⁷	Aug 17, 1929 ³⁹⁸	1 room frame		Mercer ³⁹⁹	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper)

³⁸⁶ See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. According to a letter from the Principal of Middleburg to C.M. Bussinger, Superintendent of LCPS, on 11/16/1960, the school was constructed in 1911 at a cost of \$8,000/ An auditorium was added in 1929, costing \$13,000. Another addition was added in 1960, costing \$110,665 (exclusive of equipment. This addition (dedicated November 17, 1960) provided 3 classrooms, a clinic, office, library, teacher’s lounge, new toilets, and the auditorium was converted into a multi-purpose room. As of that year, enrollment was 168, with 7 teachers, including the principal.

³⁹¹ See note about Paul Tumblin who might enter school if father Floyd was able to work. How often did this happen?

³⁹² See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year)..

³⁹³ There was no class of '21 because 1920/21 Middleburg was a three year HS. 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928

³⁹⁴ Filed with school records like annual high school reports in 13.1

³⁹⁵ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

³⁹⁶ Feb 2nd, 1945. Charlotte Noland authorized by School Board to erect shop for use of teachers at cost (which she donated) not to exceed \$2,000. See Board to Buy Site, pg. 2, Frederick Post, 2/3/1945.

³⁹⁷ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 24 See also 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923

³⁹⁸ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 52. Insurance was cancelled May 19, 1930. See Liber 7B’s, Folio 151 in Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County.

³⁹⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							1921/22-1923/24, 1924/25-1927/28 ⁴⁰⁰
Milltown (a)	w	Our records go back to 1919 ⁴⁰¹)	By 1938/39 ⁴⁰²	1 room Frame in 1920.		Lovettsville ⁴⁰³	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24
Milltown		There was an old and a new one. ⁴⁰⁴				Lovettsville	
Morrison	w	April 12, 1836 (land donated) ⁴⁰⁵	1876	Frame			See Arlington, which replaced Morrison.
Mountain	w	30 Oct, 1871 ⁴⁰⁶	Apr 21, 1926 ⁴⁰⁷	1 room Board		Mercer ⁴⁰⁸	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) ⁴⁰⁹ Term Reports (paper)

⁴⁰⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁰¹ See Feb 28, 1919 Report on Sanitary Condition of Schools for Loudoun County in 7.8

⁴⁰² See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments."

⁴⁰³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁰⁴ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923. See also Catalog 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) pg. 20. Which showed there was an old and new one.

⁴⁰⁵ See pg. 151, in *Loudoun Discovered*, Volume Five. Founded as a combination church and school. The school was erected January 1, 1837.

⁴⁰⁶ See *Loudoun Discovered*, Vol Five, pp 98-99. There was a Mountain School at Taylor Town in 1840's and 50's, possibly the 1870's. It was a one room school, atop of which was added a second room in 1915. We show no academic records after 1923/24; but Scheel noted that attendance declined after the Lovettsville school arose in 1927, with only the downstairs being used. What was then called Taylortown School closed in 1932 and its lumber used to build a house at Point of Rocks.).

⁴⁰⁷ Continued to insure building until June 15, 1930, when the insurance was cancelled. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57)(pg 25 and 52.) The record is confusing. I came across a petition from 1952 for the Mountain School, (filled in 2.5B). This memo has created a bit of a problem for me because our records indicate the school was probably closed in 1924/25 academic year, though we also know the building was insured in 1930. Perhaps the school might not have been open. Perhaps it simply stayed standing as a storage facility, and the route kept the name but took kids elsewhere; that's just my idea though, as no description of the actual destination is in the petition. I also examined 4.4 Superintendent's Record of Teacher's Certificates – 1914-1945). The last time Mountain appeared was 1923/24 when Mary Wharton of Round Hill was the instructor. She only instructed another year at Airmont, according to her Teacher Record.

⁴⁰⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁰⁹ See School Box 2, Misc Files, Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							1920/21- 1923/24, Missing 1921/22 ⁴¹⁰ .
Mountain Gap	c	1887	1955 ⁴¹¹ Building burned down in 1980's, bits buried at rear fence line of property.	1 room, metal roof, frame on 1 acre. Earth vault toilets. 21'x31'.	Yes ⁴¹²	Leesburg ⁴¹³	School 39 ⁴¹⁴ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21 – 1957/58 Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1957/58. Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1950/51 ⁴¹⁵ Enrollment Report. 1955/56, 1956/57 ⁴¹⁶
Mountain Gap	w	1887	1953 ⁴¹⁷ 1938. Superintendent O.L. Emerick announced plans to close. (Emerick 1938).	1 room Frame, metal roof. 21'x31' ⁴¹⁸	Yes ⁴¹⁹	Leesburg ⁴²⁰	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1957/58 Enrollment Report. 1957/58 ⁴²¹ Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1944/45 ⁴²²

⁴¹⁰ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴¹¹ Still insured in 1955. See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955) School burned down and was buried at the fence line of 40251 Gap Road. Source. Research by Lori Kimball, Oatlands Plantation, January, 2017 and field trip by Larry Roeder, Edwin Washington Project.

⁴¹² 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940,

⁴¹³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴¹⁴ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁴¹⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴¹⁶ Especially interesting as it indicates the school was still open a **Doublecheck names. Is this the colored school?** year past what we have understood was its closing. See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year)..

⁴¹⁷ We have Va Teacher’s Term Report for 1938/39 in 6.3.2. Notice of sale in October, 1953 to Wilbur Hall in 9.2.3 Mountain Gap (w).

⁴¹⁸ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940,

⁴¹⁹ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. See also <https://edwinwashingtonproject.org/schools/loudoun-colored-schools/aldie/#jp-carousel-1266>.

⁴²⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴²¹ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁴²² See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
			Still insured in 1955.				Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁴²³
Mt. Gilead		Before 1924 ⁴²⁴	Perhaps before 1927			Mr. Gilead	
Mt. Hope		1877 ⁴²⁵	1934 ⁴²⁶ (LTM Staff 1934)	1 room Frame.		Broad Run ⁴²⁷	1919/20 List
First Mount Olive Baptist Church	c				Yes ⁴²⁸	Leesburg	Handled the 4 th Grade from The Training Center in 1957/58, due to overcrowding. (Evans 2017)
Mountain Shadow	w	Abt 1872					Bluemont's 2nd schoolhouse and first public school. In 1872, the state of Virginia adopted public schools, and built the Mountain Shadow School in Bluemont. Now a private residence. (Friends of Bluemont n.d.)
Mountville Academy	w	Sept, 1874 ⁴²⁹	Uncertain.				See report by Eugene Scheel
Mountsville	w	1887 ⁴³⁰	Uncertain. Perhaps 1931. ⁴³¹	1 Room Frame		Mercer ⁴³²	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper)

⁴²³ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁴²⁴ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , pg. 28

⁴²⁵ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 110. See also 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 4. See also Folder 1 1920-1929 in School Box 2 (1850-1959, Records of Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives.

⁴²⁶ Students hauled to Ashburn

⁴²⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴²⁸ <http://www.1stmtolive.org/>

⁴²⁹ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 3, pg. 64.

⁴³⁰ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 3, pg. 64.

⁴³¹ See "Budget for 1930-31" in 8.1 Financial 1928-29 – 1938-39. Superintendent O.L. Emerick complained that the school board did not expand Mountville, which was overcrowded.

⁴³² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1933/34 ⁴³³ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁴³⁴
Mountsville	w	1931 ⁴³⁵	June 9, 1945 ⁴³⁶	1 story joisted one story stone with 2 room. In 1940 wired but not connected to outside. 30"x 64.5 ⁴³⁷ .	yes ⁴³⁸	Mercer	See records for 1887 structure.
Mount Pleasant (Scattersville) ⁴³⁹	c	1890	1937	One room frame on unenclosed acre of land.		Leesburg ⁴⁴⁰	Term Reports (digital) 1922/23-1936/37 (come missing) Term Reports (paper) Mostly undated but goes to 1924/25- 1936/37.
Murphy's Corner (just	c	1920	1933 ⁴⁴¹		No		

⁴³³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴³⁴ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁴³⁵ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 3, pg. 65

⁴³⁶ For sale in 1945, see 9.1 1945: Deeds for 1945. Also according to a study in 1940 "A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation," (See Chapter 9.2), this school was closed by press time, so must have sat dormant between 1940 and 1945. See also Sunny Ridge in 9.2 for documents on the sale of several structures, including Mountville. One are, improved by a two room stone building. For construction date of 1931 and rooms, see See 1940 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album in 11.2.

⁴³⁷ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁴³⁸ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁴³⁹ West of Lucketts.

⁴⁴⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁴¹ For history, see pg. 17 in *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee. The School Board closed the building in 1933, due to lack of enrollment, but because some children could not afford transportation to go to Round Hill or Rock Hill, teacher Beatrice Scipio tutored them .

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
east of Bluemont)							
N							
Neersville	w	1885. ⁴⁴² Prior structure purchased Nov 25, 1871.	July 27, 1935 ⁴⁴³ .	1 Room Stone, by 1920 in bad repair.		Lovettsville ⁴⁴⁴	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital). According to Wikipedia, school might have started by 1872, Invalid source specified. ⁴⁴⁵ Terms Reports (paper 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25- 1933/34 ⁴⁴⁶
New School	w ⁴⁴⁷	1935 ⁴⁴⁸					
Nokes	C	Abt 1901	1920's Burned own	Shanty ⁴⁴⁹			

⁴⁴² In 2016, Larry Roeder took photos of existing structure, which shows construction date of 1885; but owners pointed out that stone building was placed over a prior wooden structure made in the 1870's. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) for earliest known insurance in 1924 page 20. Liber 6G's Folio 190. See also Neersville et.al, 1935 Folder, 1930-39 Binder, Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2

⁴⁴³ A report by Mildred Weadon showed her delivering hot lunches to this school January 1, April 13, 1934. See 5.4 Home Economics 1934-35. See Liber 6G's, Folio 190. See also Neersville et.al, 1935 Folder, 1930-39 Binder, Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2.

⁴⁴⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁴⁵ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol. Five.

⁴⁴⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁴⁷ Assumption

⁴⁴⁸ We don't know which school this is. A memo on Elementary School Consolidation, dated December 10, 1935 in 4.6 Payroll, indicated that the school existed that year and possessed 4 teachers, was in Area 15 and used 2 buses.

⁴⁴⁹ See history on pg. 17 *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee. Research note: Determine burn down date. And shift terms reportds appropriately.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Nokes	c	Before 1920. ⁴⁵⁰	Sold June 27, 1935 by contents insured through 1952. ⁴⁵¹	One room metal roof, pine and oak on an unenclosed acre. ⁴⁵²		Broad Run ⁴⁵³	Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-52/53 Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1952/53 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1922/23 Enrollment, 1953/54 ⁴⁵⁴
North Fork	w	Before 1870's ⁴⁵⁵	1871	Log Cabin		Mt. Gilead	See footnote for discussion on all north fork schools.
North Fork	w	1870's	1880's	Frame one room		Mt. Gilead	
North Fork	w	1885		2 story frame with belfry			
North Fork	w		1826	2 stories			By 1910, only one floor remained.
North Fork (a)	w	8/26/1926	July 29, 1935 ⁴⁵⁶ .	1 room Frame and stucco.		Mt. Gilead ⁴⁵⁷	Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1933/34 ⁴⁵⁸ Term Reports (Digital)

⁴⁵⁰ We have the 1920/21 Term Report. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 44 See also Liber 9X's, Folio 107. Purchased from Carl Nokes.

⁴⁵¹ According to See 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955), contents were still insured in 1952. Perhaps used as a storage facility?

⁴⁵² See 13.2 Table of Dedicated Files. "Nokes Colored"

⁴⁵³ Source: Letter from Superintendent O.L. Emerick to Miss Nannie Coles, May 14, 1953 in (5.8 Field Trips). Emerick informed Coles that Nokes would be closed the following year and a school bus operated to take the children to the new school near Herndon."

⁴⁵⁴ This is filed in 12.3 under Conklin because the report was used to plan busing. Breaks down the number of pupils by grade 1-7th. The report covers both Nokes and Conklin and this is also the last year for both schools.

⁴⁵⁵ **Research Note:** North Fork requires more research. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 179 and 191. Judging by this notion and term reports, we believe there were five white North Fork school and one colored. The first white school was a log cabin private school run by Thomas Brown until the public schools started in 1871, then another built that decade, then on built in 1926. We don't know if there was gap between the second and third structure.

⁴⁵⁶ See Page 46 in 2.10 (on-line) Minutes of Board of Supervisor Meeting of October 28, 1926 regarding financing structure. See also Summary of Debts in 8.1 Financial Budget: 1917/18-1927/28. Sold to Nancy Jackson. Liber 9X's, Folio 440., Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2. Conflicting with the 1926 proposed date is a 1895 report showing North Fork existed that year. The instructor was Charles R. Sine. See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1895 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 School Census 1905, 1920, 1925)

⁴⁵⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁵⁸ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							23 pages of class lists—from 1920-21 to 1933-34.
0							
Oakdale ⁴⁵⁹	m	1815 (LCPS Staff 2002)	1910			Mt. Gilead	
Oakdale	w	1949	1959			Mt. Gilead	
Oak Grove	w	Before 1919 ⁴⁶⁰			No		More Research Required
Oak Grove	c	1881	About 1930	wood	No	Fairfax ⁴⁶¹	⁴⁶² Sold off for lumber in 1931 for Herndon Colored school to build gymnasium and home economics class.

⁴⁵⁹ Church school built by Quakers. Anyone, including Blacks who would pay \$15 a year could attend. Open all year except for two weeks in August to harvest wheat. Closed in 1910 and reopened in 1949 as a public school for 5 years. Oldest one room school house in Loudoun. See www.lincolnpreservation.org. The second floor was the original Lincoln High School. Oakdale had the distinction of educating children of both genders and all religions and ethnicities. The children of slaves were schools with the kids of their owners.

⁴⁶⁰ See also reference to “Lost Corner.” We are not certain about this school. We found a reference to it in 13.2 Table of Dedicated Files (Luckett’s HS Student Records for 1918/19) to a white graduate named Annie Shipman who attended summer school at Harrisonburg in 1918, then taught one at “Lost Corner” or Oak Grove school. She went to Harrisonburg again in 1920 and taught at Luckett’s for two sessions, then elsewhere in the county. Unfortunately, her personnel records appear not to have survived. She showed up in the 1920 US Census for Leesburg as a Public School Teacher.

⁴⁶¹ See history on pg. 18 in *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

⁴⁶² There were several Oak Grove schools serving African-Americans from Loudoun and Fairfax. See Remembering Herndon’s History: Oak Grove Elementary School: An All-Black Elementary School in Pre-Integration Herndon. By Barbara Glakas in <http://patch.com/virginia/herndon/remembring-herndons-history-oak-grove-elementary-school-0>. The original wood structure was erected around May, 1881, with the earliest teacher record being for Tomas Oden in March, 1882. He was paid \$15 for his services.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Oak Grove	c	Sept, 1930	1952	Yellow Wood Two room Rosenwald School.	No	Fairfax	⁴⁶³
Oak Grove	c	1953	1964	Six room Brick			School 48 ⁴⁶⁴ More Research Required. School was in Fairfax County. In 1938/39, there were 22 Loudoun African American children in the school ⁴⁶⁵
Oak Hill	w	June, 1879 ⁴⁶⁶	July 27, 1935 ⁴⁶⁷ (LTM Staff 1934)	1 Room Pine Frame		Leesburg ⁴⁶⁸	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25- 1933/34 ⁴⁶⁹
Oatlands	w	Before 1923 ⁴⁷⁰				Mercer	1919/20 List

⁴⁶³ Had yellow siding. See. See Remembering Herndon's History: Oak Grove Elementary School: An All-Black Elementary School in Pre-Integration Herndon. By Barbara Glakas in <http://patch.com/virginia/herndon/remembring-herndons-history-oak-grove-elementary-school-0>. See also Research by Eugene Scheel in [Dulles Airport Has Its Roots in Rural Black Community of Willard](http://www.loudounhistory.org/history/dulles-airport-history.htm). <http://www.loudounhistory.org/history/dulles-airport-history.htm>. [Study its history](#).

⁴⁶⁴ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁴⁶⁵ See 1.7 Misc Civil Rights. Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia, 5/3/1939. See also research by Eugene Scheel on a Fairfax brick school for African Americans also called Oak Grove. Loudoun Discovered, Vol. One, pg. 77. See also Remembering Herndon's History: Oak Grove Elementary School: An All-Black Elementary School in Pre-Integration Herndon. By Barbara Glakas in <http://patch.com/virginia/herndon/remembring-herndons-history-oak-grove-elementary-school-0>.

⁴⁶⁶ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923.

⁴⁶⁷ Students were transferred to Lucketts. Liber 6N's, Folio 269 in Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County,

⁴⁶⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁶⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁷⁰ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , page 24. Interview Lori Kimble of Oatlands Plantation on this on 9/22/2016 and she said "To make matters more complicated.....Apparently there was a school south of Goose Creek called Oatlands School. George Carter sold land to ??? (someone) for the purpose of building a school. The only reference I've seen to a school is in one of Eugene Scheel's articles. In the 1870's, the second generation of Carters sold acreage to the Adamses, and they built the schoolhouse that stands today. The public school system then bought it from the Adamses. I know little about the colored school that was built down Gap Road, not far from the white one room

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
P							
Paeonian Springs (A)	w	1900	By 1936 ⁴⁷¹	3 Room Frame ⁴⁷²		Jefferson ⁴⁷³	
Paxson (Yellow School House)	w	Purchased Nov 1, 1851 ⁴⁷⁴	Sold Oct 28, 1933	1 Room frame ⁴⁷⁵		Mt. Gilead ⁴⁷⁶	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1930/31 ⁴⁷⁷
Philomont	c	Before 1896	Still open in 1934 ⁴⁷⁸			Mt. Gilead	Why not on 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923?

schoolhouse. The schoolhouse we use today was bought by the National Trust in the 1970s. The term “Oatlands” was used for anything roughly in the geographic area of the Oatlands mansion and/or Oatlands Mill on Goose Creek. If I had to guess, the record is for the schoolhouse for white children, built by the Adamases and purchased by the public school system, then by the National Trust in the 1970s.

⁴⁷¹ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.” See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , shows insurance cancelled in 1939. Page 138

⁴⁷² From 1920/21 to 1923/24, only one room was occupied. See Term Reports (paper) in Chapter 13.

⁴⁷³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁷⁴ See 8.5 Term Length of White Schools in 1923. See also Liber 5E’s, Folio 242. See Daysville et all, (1933) in Folder 1930-2939, Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2. School was 2.5 miles SE of Bluemont on Snickersville Turnpike, known as Yellow School House. The Yellow Schoolhouse was probably first called Humphery’s School but by the 1880’s was Paxson School. Called locally The Yellow School House because it was painted untraditional yellow. There were however two other Yellow schools: Oak Grove and St. Louis. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 116-17.

⁴⁷⁵ The original Saint Louis Colored School was yellow, according to former students. Recent research in 2016 indicates that Mountain Gap Colored might also have been yellow or a cream similar to yellow.

⁴⁷⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁷⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁷⁸ A report from Mildred Weadon showed her providing hot lunches to Philomont Colored school Jan-April, 1934. See 5.4 Home Economics 1934-35.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Philomont	w	Nov, 1917 ⁴⁷⁹ Could be 1907	June 9, 1945 ⁴⁸⁰	2 Room Pebble Dash ⁴⁸¹	Yes ⁴⁸²	Mt. Gilead ⁴⁸³	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1943/44 ⁴⁸⁴ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁴⁸⁵
Pleasant Valley	w	Before Oct 20, 1891	1918 ⁴⁸⁶	1 Room		District 6 of Broad Run	

⁴⁷⁹ For construction see “Notable Events of the Year” in Annual Report of Division Superintendent, for the School Year closing June 30, 1918. In 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918. See also “Buildings completed 1917 –“ on page 439 in 2.4.2 District Accounts and Census Returns 1882-1921, which indicated construction was completed November, 1917. According to LC Dept of Parks and Recreation, constructed in 1907. Question: Was there more than one building, one made in 1907 and then replaced in 1917?

⁴⁸⁰ For sale, see 9.1 1945: Deeds for 1945. According to a study in 1940 “A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation,” (See Chapter 9.2), this school was closed by press time. This was a two room school house. See Report of Aug 3, 1918 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918. See 9.2.3 Philomont. School had electricity. This record is confusing. See Trappe, etc sale of Aug 17, 1929, Archives of Loudoun County Circuit Court Liber 61’s, Folio 462. Since 1987, building has operated as the Philomont Community Center by the Loudoun County Department of Parks and Recreation. While serving as a school, the large upper room was used for special events, town meetings and plays. From 1945 to 1961, the building housed religious services for the Church of the Seventh Day Adventist. It was then used as a private residence until the County took possession in 1987. Source: Staff of Philomont Community Center, 3/28/2017. Philomont School is next to Philomont Fire Station, a way point for summer cyclists wanting breakfast. Two door down on the corner of Snickersville Turnpike is the country store, which was built in 1913 after the prior building across the road burned down. Excellent sandwiches.

⁴⁸¹ According to Wikipedia, “roughcast or pebbledash is a coarse plaster surface used on outside walls that consists of lime and sometimes cement mixed with sand, small gravel, and often pebbles or shells! The materials are mixed into a slurry and are then thrown at the working surface with a trowel or scoop. The idea is to maintain an even spread, free from lumps, ridges or runs and without missing any background.”

⁴⁸² 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. See report for dimensions and lengthy description. A photo is also in Photographs, Philomont.

⁴⁸³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁸⁴ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁸⁵ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁴⁸⁶ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 1, pg. 91. Mr. Scheel appears to have found an early Pleasant Valley school.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Pleasant Valley	w	1917 ⁴⁸⁷	July 22, 1939 ⁴⁸⁸	Two room Frame	Yes ⁴⁸⁹	Broad Run ⁴⁹⁰	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24, 1924/25-1938/39 ⁴⁹¹
Pot House Schools (See Leithton)							
Powells Grove	c	1884	1947 ⁴⁹²	1 room, frame. Had a US flag on school house in 1924-28, none after. 17'x25' ⁴⁹³	Yes ⁴⁹⁴	Mt. Gilead ⁴⁹⁵	School 30 ⁴⁹⁶ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1923/24 Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1946/47.

⁴⁸⁷ Report of Aug 13, 1917 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918. Construction actually began in 1916; but was completed in 1917.

⁴⁸⁸ See 9.1 Deeds July 22, 1939

⁴⁸⁹ In 16.2 Photo Box. Picture of school with children and water well.

⁴⁹⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁹¹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁴⁹² See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry. Sold for \$750.

⁴⁹³ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

⁴⁹⁴ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

⁴⁹⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁴⁹⁶ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

Building still stands on Airmont Road just above the store. See history on pg. 18 *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Purcellville	c	1919 ⁴⁹⁷	1947 ⁴⁹⁸	2 room frame	Yes ⁴⁹⁹	Mercer ⁵⁰⁰	School 21 ⁵⁰¹ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1946/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1946/47.
Purcellville (addition)	w	September, 1917 ⁵⁰²			Yes ⁵⁰³	Mercer ⁵⁰⁴	

⁴⁹⁷ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 32. Not insured in 1924. See also 9.1 Purcellville Colored School. That file contains material shows history of land back to 1909, as well as 1921 plat of school grounds. In addition, the file contains a detailed survey calculation. See page 50 of <https://www.loudoun.gov/DocumentCenter/Home/View/6978> "Purcellville "Colored" School was originally built in 1919 by a private group Joseph Newton Cook (1866-1935), Luther Stuart and George W. Lee formed the Willing Workers Club on February 3, 1914. The club's goal was to erect a school for African-American children in Purcellville. The idea had been initiated by Joseph and Lena Cook whose youngest daughter had contracted scarlet fever and could no longer make the two-mile walk to the Lincoln Colored School. On March 15, 1917, the Willing Workers purchased the present property for \$200. Joseph Cook, a stonemason and carpenter, built the schoolhouse, which opened in September 1919. The school, known as Willing Workers Hall, operated privately as Purcellville's only primary school for African Americans until 1937 when the property was sold to the school board. It is now the Lyles Funeral Home in Purcellville.

⁴⁹⁸ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry. See also 9.2.3 Purcellville Colored School. Material describes two properties used for colored schools, so more research will be needed in Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County.

⁴⁹⁹ <https://www.loudoun.gov/DocumentCenter/Home/View/6978>

⁵⁰⁰ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁰¹ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁵⁰² Research Point: See "Buildings Completed 1917 –" on page 439 in 2.4.2 District Accounts and Census Returns 1882-1921. **Research required. There must have been up to three generations of white schools in Purcellville** The photo we have in 16.2 Photo Box is of children and their teachers in front of the school in 1910.

⁵⁰³ 1910 photo in 16.2 Photo Box.

⁵⁰⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Purcellville	w	December 1, 1922 with addition in 1937 ⁵⁰⁵		4 Room Frame ⁵⁰⁶ With addition in 1937 was seven class rooms, an auditorium and library on main floor and four class rooms in basement. ⁵⁰⁷	Yes ⁵⁰⁸	Mercer ⁵⁰⁹	Term Reports (digital) Final and Preliminary HS Reports (paper) 1949/50 Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1965/65 ⁵¹⁰ . Term Reports (paper) 1920/21- 1923/24, 1924/25-1963/64-65/66 ⁵¹¹ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵¹²
Purcellville Addition	w	1936 see footnote for 1922.					
R							
Rectortown	c						

⁵⁰⁵ See 9.2.3 Purcellville School 1922-1936. We also have a report from 1918 indicating that Purcellville was added to; but other records indicate that the colored school was built in 1919 and the white school in 1922. See Report of Aug 3, 1918 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918. This report indicated that “war condition compelled curtailment of building operations until latter part of the year.

⁵⁰⁶ In a poor state of repair in 1920. By 1922/23 used stucco on the outside. By 1922/23 had six rooms, one of which was used as a library. Considered a new building in 1922/23. Question. Was this truly a new building?

⁵⁰⁷ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. Has dimensions for each of three section.

⁵⁰⁸ Two photos in 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. One additional photo of front in 16.2 Photo Box

⁵⁰⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵¹⁰ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁵¹¹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵¹² See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Red Hill (A)	w	Aug 31, 1908	Sold July 27, 1935 ⁵¹³	1 room Wood Frame		Broad Run ⁵¹⁴	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1934/35 ⁵¹⁵
Rock Hill	c	1880	1946 ⁵¹⁶	One room, frame. Had electricity and a stove. 32.5x42'. ⁵¹⁷	Yes ⁵¹⁸	Mercer ⁵¹⁹	School 34 ⁵²⁰ . Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1925/26-1944/45.
Round Hill	c	1886 or earlier	1899 ⁵²¹	On Woodgrove Road, 1 room, frame, 26'x38.5 ⁵²² . Painted Yellow.	no	Jefferson	<u>School C</u> <u>6.1 Register for Round Hill & Clark's Gap: 1886 – 1888 – 1892</u> <u>6.1 Register for Round Hill, 1898/99.</u>

⁵¹³ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.” See also Liber 8G’s, Folio 377. Archives of Loudoun County Circuit Court.

⁵¹⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵¹⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵¹⁶ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry Sold for \$285. See also history on pg. 20 of *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee.

⁵¹⁷ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵¹⁸ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵¹⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵²⁰ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁵²¹ See 9.2.3 Round Hill Colored School. See also 6.1 1898 Register for Round Hill Colored School. According to this, Superintendent LM Shumate closed the school on December 21, 1899, “due to want of patronage.” This may be the same building as was used between 1920 and 1943 but we don’t know that for certain.

⁵²² See 6.1 Register for Round Hill & Clark’s Gap: 1886 – 1888 – 1892 and 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Round Hill	C	Uncertain	1943 ⁵²³		Yes ⁵²⁴	Jefferson ⁵²⁵	School 19 ⁵²⁶ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1942/43 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1942/43.
Round Hill (School #9)	w	1890	Burned 1911 ⁵²⁷	5 Room with auditorium. ⁵²⁸ Stone. Also had basement.		Jefferson	
Round Hill	w	1912 ⁵²⁹	Burned Oct 31, 1943. ⁵³⁰	8	Yes ⁵³¹	Jefferson ⁵³²	Term Reports (digital)

⁵²³ It clearly reopened, either this building or a fresh one, as also have Term Reports for 1920-1943, when the building was sold. We do know it reopened in 1891. See 6.1 Register for Round Hill & Clark's Gap: 1886 – 1888 - 1892.

⁵²⁴ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁵²⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵²⁶ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia. In 1898, School was listed as School C.

⁵²⁷ According to a photograph in the Round Hill Center, the 1890 structure was the first school in Round Hill. It burned down in 1911 and was replaced in 1912.

⁵²⁸ In 1894 Report, shown with 2 rooms on one acre. Each room was 20'x30'. See 6.1 Register for Round Hill, (Jefferson District) (white) School #9 1890- 1895. In 1899 shown with 2 rooms. See 6.1 Register - Round Hill, (white) School #9, 1895-1899.

⁵²⁹ Suggested actually in 1911. 7 rooms on 7 acres of ground. Cost was \$12,000 of which half was borrowed from the Literary Fund and \$3,000 donated from private sources. See Table 6 in Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing June 30 1911 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). The "Statement of Particulars" in the 1912 report confirms the 1912 construction date for an 8 room building on 7 acres of land.

⁵³⁰ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , for 1942. See also "Memorandum for William T. Smith, Chairman Special Meeting on March 29, 1944" in 9.2.3 Arcola 1929-44 which indicated that on Feb 28, 1940, the School Board decided to close Round Hill High School Department and transport pupils to Lincoln.

⁵³¹ 2 photos in 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. Lengthy physical description. Had building constructed in 1911 with addition in 1929.

⁵³² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1968/69 (missing 1947/48) ⁵³³ Annual HS Report ⁵³⁴ Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21 --1923/24 ⁵³⁵ --1927/28 Final and Preliminary HS Reports: (paper) 1929/30-1940/41 Graduate Records 1926-1941 Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1964/65 ⁵³⁶ - 1965/66 Undated and Final and Prelim Annual HS Reports 1919-1928 ⁵³⁷ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵³⁸ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵³⁹ (for elementary school)
Royville	C					Broad Run	See Kavanaugh Colored School
Ryan	w	Before 1923 ⁵⁴⁰		1 Room Wood ⁵⁴¹ .		Broad Run ⁵⁴²	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital)

⁵³³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵³⁴ Undated in 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928."

⁵³⁵ 4.1% dropped.

⁵³⁶ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁵³⁷ 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928"

⁵³⁸ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁵³⁹ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁵⁴⁰ See 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923, a survey on the attitudes of parents of patrons on acceptable term lengths.

⁵⁴¹ In poor condition 1920/21-1923/24. In 1925/26 flag was inside the bldg, but in 1926 was flown from a pole on the school grounds.(See Ryan in 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969)

⁵⁴² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1933/34 ⁵⁴³
S							
Salem	w	Purchased 1877 ⁵⁴⁴	Closed in 1910. Sold 1922, 1923. ⁵⁴⁵	1 room adjoining Salem Methodist Church		Jefferson	See 6,1 Register for Salem, 1903. This is a book kept in a special protective box by the Edwin Washington Archives.
Saunders (see Cannon Chapel)	w	1875					
Scottlands	w	First appears in 1910 ⁵⁴⁶		2 rooms			
Silcott Springs	c	Before 1893	1934 ⁵⁴⁷ (LTM Staff 1934)	1 room, Stone with 2 cloak rooms.		Mt. Gilead ⁵⁴⁸	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1933/34 ⁵⁴⁹

⁵⁴³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵⁴⁴ Salem was in Hillsboro, which is where the consolidation effort began. See 9.2 (1936/40) A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools.

⁵⁴⁵ See 9.2 (1936/40) A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools. See also in Loudoun County Circuit Court School Box 2 (1850-1959), Folder 1 1920-1929. Sold to Trustees of Salem M.E. Church, South, worshipping at Salem for \$32.50.5 Jan, 1923. 1/8 of acre of land on Hillsboro-Harper's Ferry Road. 2.5 miles from Hillsboro. **Salem School, 1922:** Jefferson District, regarding sale of Salem School, February 14, 1922. The school had not been used since 1910. Children, in the meanwhile, had been conveyed by wagon to Hillsboro at public expense. The property was eventually sold November, 1922 to the trustees of Salem M.E. Church, South for \$32.50. See Folder 1 1920-1929 in School Box 2 (1850-1959, Records of Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives.

⁵⁴⁶ The principal was Joshua C. Fletcher, born 1842. Building had two teachers, 7 grades, 2 room, 59 pupils and covered 6 months of study. See "Table 9" in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools of Loudoun County, School Year closing June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18).

⁵⁴⁷ Students were transferred to Purcellville

⁵⁴⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁴⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Snickersville	c	Before 1893					
Snickerville Academy (see also Bluemont)	w	1825	1872 ⁵⁵⁰	One room log cabin,			
Springdale Academy	w	1839 ⁵⁵¹ (LCPS Staff 2002)	About 1859			Operated at Springdale, near Lincoln.	
St Louis (see also Banneker which replaced this school)	c	1877 ⁵⁵²	1947 ⁵⁵³	1 room frame ⁵⁵⁴	Yes ⁵⁵⁵	Purchased by School District 3, later the Mercer District ⁵⁵⁶	School 44 ⁵⁵⁷ Term Reports (digital) 1921-46/47 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1946/47. In January/Feb, 1939, Saint Louis operated on a half day program (Noland 1939).

⁵⁵⁰ See 2016 article on Snickersville Academy by *Susan Freis Falknor* at <http://www.bluemontva.org/article20161015WrapUp.html>.

⁵⁵¹ For girls and set up by Quaker Samuel Janney. See <http://www.lincolnpreservation.org/springdale-home-and-school-for-girls>.

⁵⁵² See "Budget for 1930-31" in 8.1 Financial 1928-29 – 1938-39. Superintendent O.L. Emerick complained that the school board did not expand Saint Louis enough, which had 65 children. 1887 is proposed as date on pg. 21 of *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee

⁵⁵³ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry Sold for \$600.

⁵⁵⁴ See 13.2 Dedicated Files St. Louis Colored Term Reports for 1923/24. Had a new roof, an American Flag on the building and an enclosed ¾ acre of land. The 1922/23 Term Report reported that a new roof and floor were needed The 1921/22 Term Report indicated that the state of repair of the school was "very bad," down from 1920/21 when it was reported as fairly good. See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁵⁵ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940. Also 2016 photo of home over old building.

⁵⁵⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁵⁷ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Sterling	c	Before 1893	1947 ⁵⁵⁸			Sterling	
Sterling	w	1944				Sterling	See also Sterling Old. See Guilford.
Sterling Old	w	1879	1940 ⁵⁵⁹	2 room frame. Two rooms were heated by stoves, Lit by electricity but by 1940 in poor condition with buckled walls and dropped floor. 26'x72' ⁵⁶⁰	Yes ⁵⁶¹	Broad Run ⁵⁶²	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1964/65 ⁵⁶³ Enrollment Report. 1965/66 ⁵⁶⁴ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵⁶⁵

⁵⁵⁸ See 9.2.3 Sale of Property: September 6, 1947: Sterling, St. Louis, Purcellville col, Hillsboro Col, Lincoln col, Rock Hill, Powells Grove, Hughesville and Marble Quarry. **Research Action:** Talk to Church in Saint Louis and compare history on our website with Loudoun Discovered, Vol 3, pg. 87-89.

⁵⁵⁹ . See also “Memorandum for William T. Smith, Chairman Special Meeting on March 29, 1944” in 9.2.3 Sterling and Arcola. Sterling was also expanded, according the “notable events of the year” in the 1914 annual report.

⁵⁶⁰ Research Question. Double check Old Sterling. See Enrollment Report. 1965/66. According to a study in 1940 “A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation,” (See Chapter 9.2), this school was closed by press time – so was there more than one Sterling? Check construction files. We found a Sterling operating in 1888. See Report by L.M. Shumate, for Schools Closing July 31, 1888 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). Had a piano in 1938/39. See 6.3.2 (white schools). See also 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁶¹ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁶² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁶³ Elementary School records. See also 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵⁶⁴ Make sure we didn’t mix up enrollment and term reports. See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year). **Research Question.** What was Old Sterling? See **Enrollment Report.** 1965/66. According to a study in 1940 “A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation,” (See Chapter 9.2), this school was closed by press time – so was there more than one Sterling? Check construction files. See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁵⁶⁵ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, Could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Stovepipe Academy (see Middleburg)	w	1885 ⁵⁶⁶	1914 ⁵⁶⁷	2 room Stucco ⁵⁶⁸	yes		Received a nomination in 2017 to be the new name for school 7 on Braddock Road. Nomination came in fourth.
Sully	m	⁵⁶⁹		⁵⁷⁰		Sterling	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1968/69 ⁵⁷¹
Sumemerhill	w						Private school between Hughesville and Circleville.
Sunny Ridge	w	1918 ⁵⁷²	June 9, 1945 ⁵⁷³	1 room Wood	Yes ⁵⁷⁴	Jefferson ⁵⁷⁵	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1943/44 ⁵⁷⁶

⁵⁶⁶ See School History Middleburg Community Charter School. <https://www.lcps.org/domain/8141>

⁵⁶⁷ For a history of Stovepipe Academy, we recommend See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 3, pg. 20-21. The school was replaced by Aldie High School and Elementary school in 1915.

⁵⁶⁸ Rooms for elementary school were on the first floor and primary grades on the second. An addition was added to the rear for High School studies. Floors were oiled to keep them clean. Desks were nailed to the floor. See School History <https://www.lcps.org/domain/8141> for more history covering new building and photos for high school. First HS classes happened in 1908. HS classes were held at Middleburg until June, 1934, then pupils moved to Aldie HS until Loudoun County HS was built in 1954.

⁵⁶⁹ **Research Note: When was building constructed?**

⁵⁷⁰ In box 16.2 in the Edwin Washington Archives are two diaries connected with well and building repairs and construction at the Hillsboro Elementary school in 1965/66 and the Sully Elementary School in 1968

⁵⁷¹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵⁷² Due the pandemic, the school closed for two months, then reopened in January, 1919. For a discussion of the school and a photo, See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 74-75. The school began as a private entity, then was incorporated into the public school system on December 30, 1924. According to 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940, structure was built in 1935. Perhaps there were two structures?

⁵⁷³ See 9.1 1945: Deeds for 1945. See also 9.2.3 Sunny Ridge, a two acre lot, one room frame building. Deed dated 30 Dec, 1924. Sold to School Board, Jefferson District. The school burned down the summer of 1935 and was then replaced, becoming the last one room school house to be built in Loudoun County. The school then closed in the fall of 1944.

⁵⁷⁴ 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁷⁵ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁷⁶ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵⁷⁷
Sycoline	c	1894	1930 ⁵⁷⁸	1 room Frame		Leesburg ⁵⁷⁹	Term Reports (digital) 1921-29/30 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1929/30
Sycoline	w	March 1850	Before 1880 ⁵⁸⁰	Log Cabin			
Sycoline	w	Before 1880 ⁵⁸¹	Aug 14, 1889,	Frame Church and School on 1 acre.		Leesburg ⁵⁸²	
Sycoline	w	1892 ⁵⁸³	1930's	Frame		Leesburg ⁵⁸⁴	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1931/32 ⁵⁸⁵

⁵⁷⁷ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁵⁷⁸ School ceased operations in 1930's and its wood used to build a room onto Leesburg Colored School on Union Street. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 2, pg. 85 and 84. See history on pg. 21, *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee. Editorial Note: Make sure that wood story is correct.

⁵⁷⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁸⁰ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 2, pg. 84

⁵⁸¹ Log Cabin was moved near today's Sycoline Church as a Frame school. New location was ungraded until 1912. Church services were also held there from at least 1880. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 2, pg. 84.

⁵⁸² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁸³ New Sycoline Church, which appears to also have a school by it or as part of its operations was built north of Sycolin Creek in 1892 and dedicated, June 1893. Church services ended in 1952. School ceased operations in 1930's and its wood used to build a room onto Leesburg Colored School on Union Street. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 2, pg. 84 (make sure we are not mixing up the colored and white Sycoline schools.

⁵⁸⁴ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁸⁵ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1.School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
T							
Tankerfield	w	June 12m 1875	Sold Jun 27, 1935 ⁵⁸⁶	1 room Frame ⁵⁸⁷		Lovettsville ⁵⁸⁸	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25 – 1933/34 ⁵⁸⁹
Tate						Mt. Gilead	
Taylorstown	w	1900	1939 or 1940 ⁵⁹⁰	2 room Frame, 24.5'x45' ⁵⁹¹	Yes ⁵⁹²	Lovettsville ⁵⁹³	Term Reports (digital) Term Report (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1940-41 ⁵⁹⁴ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁵⁹⁵
Training Center	c						See under Leesburg. See also “Dirt Don’t Burn” for discussion on name, which came from Jeanes and Slater fund leadership.

⁵⁸⁶ See Liber 6H’s, Folio 16, Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County.

⁵⁸⁷ In 1920, state of repair was “not very good,” to “bad” by 1923/24.

⁵⁸⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁸⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵⁹⁰ We have the 1938/39 Va. Teacher’s Term Report for 1938/39. See Colored Schools in 1938/39 in 6.3.2. See also in 1940 “A Survey of Loudoun County White Schools to Indicate the Completed Reorganization or Consolidation,” (See Chapter 9.2), this school was closed by press time. According to “notable events” in the 1914 Annual Report, it was enlarged that year.

⁵⁹¹ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁹² 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940.

⁵⁹³ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁹⁴ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁵⁹⁵ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, Could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Trappe	w	Oct 30, 1871 ⁵⁹⁶	Closed 1925, Sold Aug 17, 1929 ⁵⁹⁷	1room Frame		Mercer ⁵⁹⁸	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) Term Report (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1925/26 ⁵⁹⁹
U							
Unison Bloomfield	c	1890 ⁶⁰⁰	Still open n 1938/39 ⁶⁰¹	2 room		Mercer ⁶⁰²	

⁵⁹⁶ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), pg. 24 See also 8.5 Term Lengths of White Schools for 1923. See also Liber 6C's, Folio 221 in Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County. Scheel has the land being purchased by District 3 of Mercer September 30, 1880. See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 232

⁵⁹⁷ Building was dismantled.

⁵⁹⁸ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁵⁹⁹ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁶⁰⁰ See Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 212

⁶⁰¹ See 1938/39 Colored Schools folder in 6.3.2, Virginia Teacher's Term Reports.

⁶⁰² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Unison Bloomfield	w	1915 ⁶⁰³	June 9, 1945 ⁶⁰⁴	6 room two story, and basement frame stucco. Pebble Dash. Two rooms added later. Electricity and water and heat in 1940 ⁶⁰⁵ .	yes ⁶⁰⁶	Mercer ⁶⁰⁷	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920-21-1924/25-1944/45 ⁶⁰⁸ Preliminary and Annual HS Reports (paper) 1928/29-1932/33- Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21-923/24 ⁶⁰⁹ , 1925/26-927/28 Graduate Records 1915-1933 Attendance Prospects 1924/25 for Lucketts, UB & Lovettsville ⁶¹⁰ . Undated and Annual Prelim Annual HS Reports 1919-1928. ⁶¹¹
Unison Bloomfield Addition	w	1939				Mercer	

⁶⁰³ See 1940 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album in 11.2. We have indications of who attended the first three years but their records have been lost. Memo of 1/10/1945 in 11.3 Insurance indicated that Unison Bloomfield was erected in 1916, received plumbing in 1934, Heating in 1938 and wiring in 1938. The Building burned down in August, 1944. The cost of construction of the consolidated school was \$12,000. See "Notable Events of the Year" in Annual Report of the Division Superintendent of Schools for Loudoun County for School Year closing June 30, 1916. and Report of Aug 13, 1917 in 3.3 Annual School Reports 1887-88 to 1892-93 and 1906-07 to 1917-1918.

⁶⁰⁴ For sale, see 9.1 1945: Deeds for 1945. However, there is also a memo of 1/10/1945 in Chapter 11.3 Insurance indicating the building burned down August, 1944, which is also discussed in Loudoun Discovered, Vol 4, pg. 212. Only the stone wall remains. After the school burned, the students were transferred to Round Hill. The memoranda on the insurance implications goes into significant detail on construction costs and losses. The flyer for commissioner's sale in the folder shows the property was improved with a school building, but that statement was also penciled out. See also 9.2 Sunny Ridge for details on several buildings. Five acre lot, improved by a building of undescribed construction. This acreage was very useful for large events such as the May 6, 1940 Unison-Bloomfield Horse Show. See "Unison Show Plans Progress" in The Loudoun News, Page 1, April 25, 1940, Column One.

⁶⁰⁵ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁶⁰⁶ See 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940.

⁶⁰⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁰⁸ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁶⁰⁹ 8% dropped.

⁶¹⁰ See 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928."

⁶¹¹ See 13.2 "Reports High School 1918-1928"

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Unison Bloomfield Teacherage	w	Before 1924 ⁶¹²	Sold Feb 1, 1930 ⁶¹³	1 story frame, 5 rooms and hall with well water		Mercer	Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁶¹⁴
Upperville	c						
W							
Waterford	c	1867.1866 Reuben Schooley sold site for new school ⁶¹⁵ .	1957 ⁶¹⁶	1 room frame on 1/8 th of an acre, not enclosed. ⁶¹⁷ .	Yes ⁶¹⁸ (Souders 2002, 15)	Jefferson ⁶¹⁹	School number 27⁶²⁰ also A Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1950/51 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1950/51. Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1956/57 ⁶²¹

⁶¹² See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , pg. 24

⁶¹³ See Archives of the Loudoun County Circuit Court, Trapp, etc in 1920-29 Fold, School Box 2. Sold Feb 1, 1930. See also Liber 9P's, Folio 35.

⁶¹⁴ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁶¹⁵ Schooley was a Quaker blacksmith who sold the land for \$74 a quarter acre lot on Second Street. Classes opened in 1867 with sixty students. We have photographs of the Schooley house from the 1930's, 1940 and 2017. Held in Dedicated files for Waterford. School house was built under auspices of Freedman's Bureau. In 1871 became School A in the Jefferson District for African-American Children. Also served as town's Negro church through 1892.

⁶¹⁶ The African-American school was the first public school in Waterford, followed by the school for whites, followed by a school for white in the 1870's. 1868 saw Sarah Ann Steer (1837-1914) was the first teacher of Waterford Colored School. Source Loudoun Discovered, Vol V, pg. 20. "1957 is the date we have always used for the closing of the "colored" school (with students transported to Leesburg to consolidated schools, NOT integrated in Waterford until 1968), but I do not have a source for that." Bronwen Souders, 2/6/2017. Scheel's research showed the school reopened in 1984 so children could experience 19th century school life. The Loudoun County school board sold it to Robert R. Milan Jr. on May 31, 1966 at auction for \$4,000. [LoCo Deed Book 461-491]

⁶¹⁷ See 13.2 Dedicated Files (Waterford Colored), 1920/21.

⁶¹⁸ See Archie Richardson collection in Photographs.

⁶¹⁹ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶²⁰ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia.

⁶²¹ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
		(Souders 2002, 13)					Undated and Annual and Prelim Annual HS Reports, 1920-1928 ⁶²²
Waterford Academy	w	1870's	Burned in 1909 ⁶²³			Jefferson	
Waterford	w	1910 ⁶²⁴	High School Department was ordered shut Nov 9, 1937 and students conveyed to Leesburg. (Emerick 1938)	6 room Wood. 37.5' by 49' Located 14 feet south of Waterford auditorium	Yes ⁶²⁵	Jefferson ⁶²⁶	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1924/25-1963/64-1968/69 ⁶²⁷ . Preliminary and Final HS Reports: 1933-1949/50 Final Annual HS Report (paper) 1920/21 1921/22, 1922/23, 1923/24 ⁶²⁸ , 1924/25, 1925/26, 1926/27, 1927/28 Term Reports (HS) (Paper) 1920/21-1923/24 Graduate Records 1912-1937.

⁶²² See 13.2 “Reports High School 1918-1928. Undated notes from Alice Janney indicate that school was two year HS for a couple of years and had to made adjustments. In 1926/27 there were only two graduates.

⁶²³ See http://www.leesburggardenclub.org/hgw%202013/HGWBrochure_2013_FINAL.pdf.

⁶²⁴ See 9.2.Land purchased from Atlee Family, 10/10/1927, according to “Town of Waterford, Land of Edwin and Sally Atlee, Jefferson District” in (1920-29) Folder, Archives of the Circuit Court of Loudoun County, School Box 2. 1910 is also proposed by “Statement of Particulars” in Annual Report of the Superintendent of Schools for the Year ending June 30, 1910 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1887/88 to 1892/93 1906/07 to 1917/18). See also Statement of Particulars in 1911 report. 1914 is proposed by 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. The date 1910 for the white school (now called "Old School" to distinguish it from the "New School" built 1965) is the date the school was rebuilt after a fire. The BLACK school was the first public school in the village; the WHITE school came some time after 1870 with reconstruction. At some time as of 1890 there was a much smaller school on the property, possibly called The Waterford Academy (though a second, earlier building on the edge of town goes by the same name), which may have been private, OR was the precursor to the Old school. More research is needed. Source Bronwen Souders, 2/6/2017.

⁶²⁵ 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940,

⁶²⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶²⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

⁶²⁸ 26.6% dropped.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
							Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1965/66. ⁶²⁹ Enrollment and Teachers (undated memo). ⁶³⁰ (elementary)
Waterford Auditorium	w	1924		One story, frame house, 60'x47'. ⁶³¹	Yes ⁶³²		
Waters	w	Land purchased Oct 1, 1879	⁶³³ Sold June 12, 1922.			Lovettsville	1919/20 List

⁶²⁹ See "Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65" in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁶³⁰ See 9.2 (1939/40) A Survey of Loudoun County Public Schools. Inside is an undated report by Superintendent O.L. Emerick, could be as late as 1939. Provides statistical data on enrollment and teachers.

⁶³¹ Detailed description in 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

⁶³² 11.2 "Insurance Analysis" blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman's Fund, October, 1940,

⁶³³ Sold to Ebenezer Methodist Episcopal Church for \$126 because it had been abandoned and replaced by Emerick. See Lovettsville District 1922 in 1920/29 folder, Loudoun County Circuit Court Archives, School Box 2 . In statement of Dec 14, 1921, Waters property had been abandoned. In its place was a new 2 room structure known as Emerick School. After consulting with Circuit Court staff, this appears to be the sale of the building, not the land, since Emerick was built on that location.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Watson	c	1897 ⁶³⁴	Still open in 1945 ⁶³⁵ (Frederick Post Staff 1945)	1 room frame (Church) ⁶³⁶		Broad Run ⁶³⁷	School 39 ⁶³⁸ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1947/48. Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25- 1947/48.
Waxpool	w	Before 1906 ⁶³⁹	Still there in 1907				
Welbourne	c	Before 1893					
Wheatland	w	Purchased Dec 1880 ⁶⁴⁰	Sold June 27, 1935 ⁶⁴¹	1 room Frame		Jefferson ⁶⁴²	1919/20 List Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1933/34 ⁶⁴³ .

⁶³⁴ See history on pg. 21 of *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee. We have in 13.2 Term Report for 1920/21. Not owned by the School Board. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57) , page 8 (1926)

⁶³⁵ A report by Mildred Weadon showed her delivering hot lunches to this school January 1, April 13, 1934. See 5.5 Home Economics 1934-35. Superintendent O.L. Emerick worried about Watson in 1930, indicating it was in immediate need of an additional room. See "1930/31 Budget" in 8.1 Financial 1928/29-1938/39.

⁶³⁶ The 1938/39 Va. Teacher's Term Report (see 6.3.2) indicated the school had no furniture of any kind, desks, chairs, teacher's desk, or equipment. Nor was there a library. This might be explained by term reports from the 1920's which spoke of the school being in a church. In other words, any furniture used would have been owned by the Church.

We should figure out when closed. Question. Was this "First Baptist Church of Watson-- organized on November 29, 1896 under the leadership of Reverend Douglas D. Fisher and Reverend Bush W. Murray?. The first church building was erected on land donated by one of the founding members, Samuel Thornton. The building burned in 1955 and was replaced by the present one-story, concrete block structure in 1957 (DHR #053-5087-0009). See Loudoun County African-American Historic Architectural Resources Survey produced by History Matters in 2004 for Black History Committee, Friends of the Balch Library. <https://www.loudoun.gov/DocumentCenter/Home/View/6978>

⁶³⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶³⁸ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁶³⁹ See Report by L.M. Shumate, Superintendent, September 5, 1906 in 3.3 Annual School Reports (1894-1906 – School Census 1905, 1920, 1925)

⁶⁴⁰ See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57). page 12. See also also 3.1.2 Journal of Work and Expenses., pg. 125 which indicated Bertha Baber was teaching there 1915/16.

⁶⁴¹ See Liber 6P's, Folio 441 Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County.

⁶⁴² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁴³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Willard	w			Brick ⁶⁴⁴		Did not exist. See footnote.	Reported for 1916, but in error.
Willard	c	Probably 1890's ⁶⁴⁵	1948 ⁶⁴⁶	1 room frame		Broad Run ⁶⁴⁷	Term Reports (digital) 1921/22-25/26. Term Reports (paper) 1921/22-1924/25-1925/26
Willisville	c	1868 ⁶⁴⁸	1917, due to fire (Grigsby 2008, 282)	1 room		Mercer	

⁶⁴⁴ There wasn't a white Willard. We did speak to a former Loudoun LCPS student who felt such a school existed; but after examining her records more carefully, demurred. We found a photo of students who were identified for a White Willard dated from 1916 with a brick wall as a backdrop. Teachers were Mr. Gallaher and Zelma Roller (Marshall). However, we have since determined that the students and the teacher were at a different school. For the record, we have listed the citation in order to avoid future confusion over this point. See Arcola Elementary School, Reunion, 2014, edited by David Church, et al. (archives of Wynne Saffer). See also 4.4 *Superintendent's Record of Teacher's Certificates, 1915-1946*, which listed all schools in that year. There was only a colored Willard.

⁶⁴⁵ Not owned by the School Board. See 11.1 Insurance Record (1924-57), page 8 (1926). Participated in 1916 School Fair, first documented case of a "colored school" doing so.

⁶⁴⁶ Was supposed to have been torn down in 1933/34 but wasn't. (See Memo of Dec 28, 1933 in 9.4.1 CWA). "Near Shiloh, usually called just the Willard Church, stood Willard School, an 1890s weatherboard one-roomer finely built with tongue-and-groove wood-lined walls inside. After lower Loudoun schools for black children consolidated at the brick Oak Grove School in 1948, Willard School was jacked up, hitched onto John B. Hornbaker's threshing machine and rolled three miles north to the place of Eugene Beard, no relation to Ernest G. It spent its last years there as an outbuilding near Coleman's School, the white children's one-roomer." Research by Eugene Scheel in Dulles Airport Has Its Roots in Rural Black Community of Willard. <http://www.loudounhistory.org/history/dulles-airport-history.htm>

⁶⁴⁷ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁴⁸ Freedmen's Bureau appropriated \$150 in August 1868 to build school and fund for a year. In October John Carter deed land, which was constructed by George Evans, considered reliable by Lt. Sidney Smith of the Freedmen's.

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Willisville	c	1868 and 1918 ⁶⁴⁹ (Black History Committee unk)	1958	1 room, metal roof, frame, weather boarding as of 1924s ⁶⁵⁰ but ended up with two rooms (Loudoun News 2005).	yes ⁶⁵¹	Mercer ⁶⁵²	School 43 ⁶⁵³ Term Reports (digital) 1920/21-1957/58 Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1957/58. Enrollment Report. 1955/56-1957/58 ⁶⁵⁴
Woodburn (a)	w	Oct 26, 1882	Sold June 27, 1935. ⁶⁵⁵	1 room Frame		Lovettsville. In Mt Gilead in 1920/21-24 ⁶⁵⁶ .	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1934/35 ⁶⁵⁷ .

⁶⁴⁹ The original structure was built in 1868 on an acre and erected by George Evans as a school house during the week, then a Church on Sundays. Building burned down and was replaced 1918-1921. See “Budget for 1930-31” in 8.1 Financial 1928-29 – 1938-39. Superintendent O.L. Emerick complained that the School Board failed to build a room and add a teacher at Willisville where 76 children were in overcrowded conditions. See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940, which indicated school was built in 1921 with an addition in 1934. 24’x67’.

⁶⁵⁰ See 13.2 Dedicated Files Willisville (Colored). See also 11.3 Valuation Schedules (1947-1955). Apparently white children attended, according to owner in 2017, who met white people who claimed to have been students. Willisville also did not have running water or proper heat, Janet Hagan in an interview with Loudoun News in 2005. The student however provided Dole Pineapple juice by the county every day for lunch. The Students also roasted peanuts.

⁶⁵¹ See 11.2 “Insurance Analysis” blue photo album by Garrett Insurance and Fireman’s Fund, October, 1940. Lots of contemporary photos of replacement structure by Edwin Washington Project. See also photo of Anna Shorts Gaskins and students in front of original school, pg. 23, “Loudoun County’s African American Communities: A Tour Map and Guide,” by Black History Committee, Friends of the Balch Library.

⁶⁵² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁵³ School Number derives from Folder 1.7 Misc. Civil Rights Records, 1938/39 Socio-Economic Survey of Negro Life in Virginia

⁶⁵⁴ See “Enrollment Reports for 1955/56 – 1964/65” in Box 13. (Schools are listed alphabetically by year).

⁶⁵⁵ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on “Loudoun County School Enrollments.” See also Liber 6S’s, Folio 489, Archives of Circuit Court of Loudoun County. Mile west of the village on Harmony Church Road.

⁶⁵⁶ See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁵⁷ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

1. School Name	2 Race	3 Created	4 Closed	5 Material	6 Photo	7 District	8 Term Reports and Similar
Woodgrove	w	1810 ⁶⁵⁸	1912 ⁶⁵⁹	stone	Yes ⁶⁶⁰		
Woodland (A) Graded	w	1884	By 1938 ⁶⁶¹	2 room wood and stone		Lovettsville ⁶⁶² , in Mt. Gilead in 1924	Term Reports (digital) Term Reports (paper) 1920/21-1924/25-1936/37 ⁶⁶³ .
Y							
Yellow School House	w	See Paxson					See also discussion of Paint for Saint Louis and Mountain Gap Colored Schools.

⁶⁵⁸ Write up from 1936 Virginia WPA Project is in 16.2 Photo Box.

⁶⁵⁹ See Eugene Scheel's Loudoun Discovered, Volume 4, pp 66-67, which contains a lot of history on the school, as well as photographs. A photograph of Woodgrove is in the Round Hill Center, Round Hill, Va. Followed the school at Cherry Hill as the first area public school in Loudoun.

⁶⁶⁰ Round Hill Center, main Hall. Also the Balch Library. See also "State Library wins grant to put collections on internet," Loudoun Times-Mirror, Oct 29, 1997, pg. A5.

⁶⁶¹ See 2.5.1 January 1940 Citizen Committee, page on "Loudoun County School Enrollments." LWR also discussed this school with Donna Kroiz in relation to the George's School, 11/14/16. "There's another school that was built across the road (Georges Mill Road/ Rt 852) from Georges Mill School called Woodland School—but it wasn't built on the same foundation. It still exists today and is a residence. The people who own it now have lots of history about Woodland School. The land was part of the George farm—not Wire. I asked my mom about the Georges donating the land for the school and she laughed. She said there was an article written back then that it was the most the county ever paid for a plot of land for a school. I think she said \$500!! That was a lot of money back then. Leave it to the good ole Georges to make a big profit! Haha It's a beautiful spot for a school with a spring close by to get the water for students to drink. My great aunt remembered being sent to the spring with a bucket to bring back water—she loved getting out of classes! She and her sisters used to ride their horses to school and then immediately send the horses back home to the barn by themselves. Quite a different life style!"

⁶⁶² See 9.2 Map: Loudoun County, 1923

⁶⁶³ See 6.3.1(a) Teacher Term Reports for White Schools 1920-1969

Bibliography

- Black History Committee. unk. *Loudoun County's African American Communities*. Leesburg: Black History Committee, Friends of the Balch Library.
- Church, David, Joyce Minor Dube, Tommy Lee, David Minor, Larry Pangle, Stanley Pangle, and Peggy Lambert Wingfield. 2014. *Arcola Elementary School, Reunion 2014*. Arcola, Loudoun County, Va.: The Arcola Committee.
- Cissel, Scott. 2003. "Museum May Use School." *Loudoun Times-Mirror*, July 16: A5.
- Dorsey, Ford. 1937. *History of Education in Loudoun County*. Honors Tesis, Richmond: University of Richmond.
- Emerick, O.L. 1938. "Loudoun's Schools." *Loudoun Times Mirror*, Feb 10.
- Evans, Gert, interview by Larry Roeder. 2017. *Life at Douglass Elementary School* (January 10).
- Frederick Post Staff. 1945. "Board to Buy Site." *Frederick Post*, Feb 3: 2, col. 6.
- Grigsby, Kevin Dulany. 2008. *Howardsville*. Grigsby.
- Hood, William. 1918. *State Laws Related to Education Enacted in 1915, 1916 and 1917, Bull. No 23*. Washington, DC: US Department of the Interior.
- LCPS Staff. 2002. *A Climate for Success: Annual Report 2001-2002*. Annual Report, Leesburg: LCPS.
- Loudoun News. 2005. "Reunion Stirs up Bittersweet Memories." *Loudoun news*, May 15.
- LTM Staff. 1934. "6 Schools Here Ordered Closed as Board Moves For Efficiency." *Loudoun Times Mirror*, Feb 15: 1.
- Nelson, Robert. 2017. "Hillsboro Takes Over Old Stone School." *The Washington Post (Loudoun Extra)*, Jan 1: 1 and 5.
- Noland, Charlotte. 1939. *Foxcroft Social Servie: Monthly Report, Jan 1 to Feb 1, 1939*. Middleburg: Foxcroft Social Service.
- Save Old Sterling. 2016, Nov. *Sterling - Grandfather Village*. Flier, Sterling: Save Old Sterling.
- Scheel, Eugene. 2002. *Loudoun Discovered (Volumes 1-5)*. Leesburg, Va. : Friends of the Thomas Balch Library.
- . 2003. "High Schools Once Flourished Across Area." *The washington Post*, September 21. Accessed April 1, 2017.
https://www.washingtonpost.com/archive/local/2003/09/21/high-schools-once-flourished-across-area/20ea3e59-4977-4b29-8529-fe5363c25eae/?utm_term=.87e7bb564203.
- Souders, Bronwen, Souders, John. 2002. *Share With US: Waterford, Virginia's African-American Heritage*. Waterford: Waterford Foundation.
- Williams, Harrison. 1938. *Legends of Loudoun*. Richmond: Garrett.